# On the Algebraic Structure of Convergence

Alva Couch and Yizhan Sun Tufts University

> couch@cs.tufts.edu, ysun@cs.tufts.edu

### Background

- System and network administration (network configuration management)
- CFengine provides convergent behavior.
- Observation: compositions of convergent processes are not always convergent.
- Example: file editing.

## Convergent Configuration Management Challenges

- Why can compositions of convergent actions lead to confusing and even divergent behaviors?
- What limits on practice will assure predictable responses to convergent processes?

## Our Approach

- Express self-healing as a result of applying sequences F(P) from a finite set of convergent operations P={ p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ... p<sub>n</sub> }.
- While F(P) is infinite, effects of F(P) on a particular machine are finite.
- Express algebraic properties of F(P) as equivalence of effect, e.g., p≈q means that p and q have the same effect.
- Study factor structure F(P)/≈, a finite set of equivalence classes of operations.

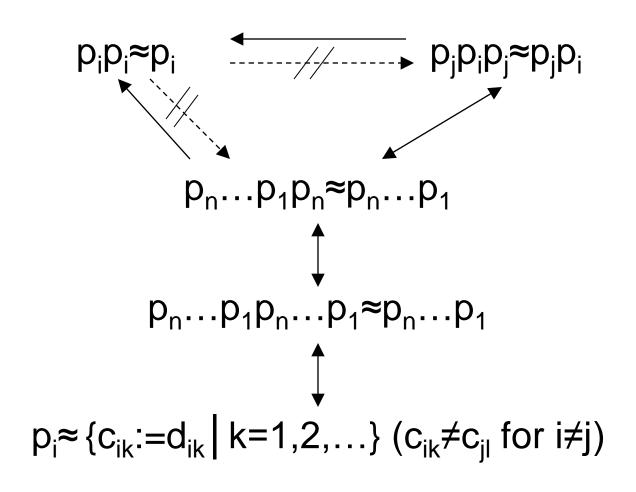
#### Why Equivalences are Important

- *F*(P)/≈ (the set of equivalent classes of operations) represents **achievable states**.
- Expense of validating a self-healing system varies with the number of achievable states.

## Kinds of Algebraic Equivalences

- Idempotence: p<sub>i</sub>p<sub>i</sub>≈p<sub>i</sub>
- Pairwise statelessness: p<sub>j</sub>p<sub>i</sub>p<sub>j</sub>≈p<sub>j</sub>p<sub>i</sub>
- Statelessness: p<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>p<sub>n</sub>≈p<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>
- Sequence idempotence (or idempotence of *F*(P)): p<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>≈p<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>
- Operations are written right to left, i.e.,
   p<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>(S)=p<sub>n</sub>(...(p<sub>1</sub>(S))...)

## Preliminary Algebraic Results



## Preliminary Algebraic Results

### pp≈p and qq≈q does not insure qpqp≈qp

- Baseline: x=y=0
- p: if (x==1) then y:=2
- q: x:=1
- qp: { x=1, y=0 }
- qpqp = q(pq)p: { x=1, y=2 }
- A composition qp of idempotent actions q,p need not be idempotent.

#### Case Study: CFengine File Editing

```
editfiles:
    all::
        { /etc/services
            hashCommentLinesContaining "tftp"
                  appendIfNotPresent "tftp 6900/udp"
        }
```

- Each operation by itself is convergent.
- Paired, they fill the file with useless comments.
- Consider what happens if one uses uncommentLinesContaining "tftp" on the result.

## More Editing Problems

- deleteLinesMatching "ftp"
  - Not specific enough; will delete lines containing "tftp" as well as "ftp".
- appendIfNotPresent "tftp 6800/udp"
  - Does not sense duplicate records with different port.

## What Goes Wrong With Editing

- Non-convergent compositions allow proliferation of latent states.
- State proliferation causes uncertainty in applying further edits.
- Problem is syntax. Instead we need something like:

```
assert service=tftp port=6900 proto=udp
retract service=tftp
```

#### Statelessness

- A set of operations is stateless if the result of a single operation q is independent of any prior application: qp<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>q≈qp<sub>n</sub>...p<sub>1</sub>
- Property of a set of operations, not a single operation.
- Depends upon choice of baseline state.
- Sufficient but not necessary to prevent state proliferation.

#### Facts about Statelessness

 Sufficient but not necessary to assure sequence idempotence:

$$p_{n}...p_{1}p_{n}...p_{1}=p_{n}...p_{1}$$

- Sequence idempotence has some nice properties:
  - Every sequence equivalent to one including each operation at most once
  - Resulting state space is finite with size≤2<sup>n</sup>,
     n=number of operations

#### A Curious Result

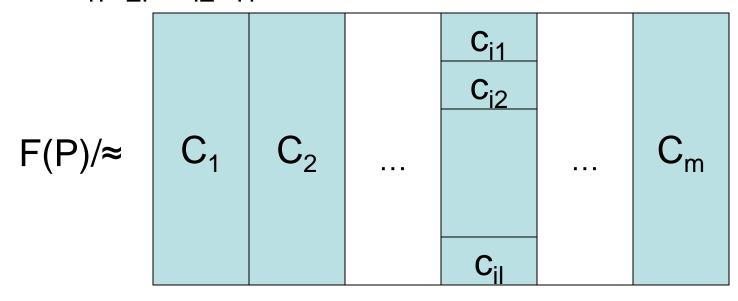
- For stateless sets of operations, we can prove that configuration parameters exist!
- A band is a semigroup for which all elements are idempotent: pp=p.
- A commutative band is one in which pq=qp for all p,q.
- A matrix band is one in which pq≠qp for all p,q.

#### The Structure Theorem

- If P is sequence-idempotent, then F(P)/≈ can be viewed as a commutative band of matrix bands of unit groups. Construction:
  - Express F(P)/≈ as a disjoint union of subsemigroups
     C<sub>i</sub>, where the C<sub>i</sub> form a semigroup themselves.
  - Define  $C_jC_i$  as the unique set  $C_k$  where for  $c_i$  in  $C_i$  and  $c_j$  in  $C_j$ ,  $c_jc_i$  is in  $C_k$ .
  - This can be done to ensure that {C<sub>i</sub>} is commutative,
     while each C<sub>i</sub> by itself is a matrix band.

#### Inferred Parameters

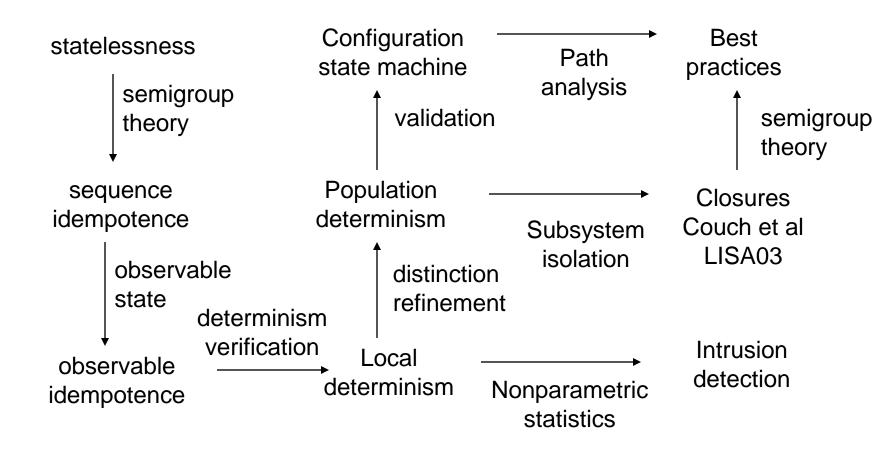
- C<sub>1</sub>...C<sub>m</sub> represent orthogonal parameters
   (C<sub>i</sub>C<sub>i</sub>=C<sub>i</sub>C<sub>i</sub>)
- Contents of each C<sub>i</sub> represent settings (c<sub>1i</sub>c<sub>2i</sub>≠c<sub>i2</sub>c<sub>i1</sub>)



#### Conclusions

- Statelessness of operations leads to sequence idempotence
- Sequence idempotence is highly desirable
  - Reduction of achievable states
  - Creation of an ideal parameter space
- Achieving sequence idempotence requires changes in practice
  - Avoiding stream edits
  - Expressing changes as assertions.

# Just a Beginning



#### More Information

- Alva L. Couch
   Computer Science
   Tufts University
   Medford, MA USA 02155
   couch@cs.tufts.edu
- LISA Paper: Couch, Hart, Greenlee, and Kallas, "Seeking Closure in an Open World", Proc. LISA03, Oct 29-31,2003