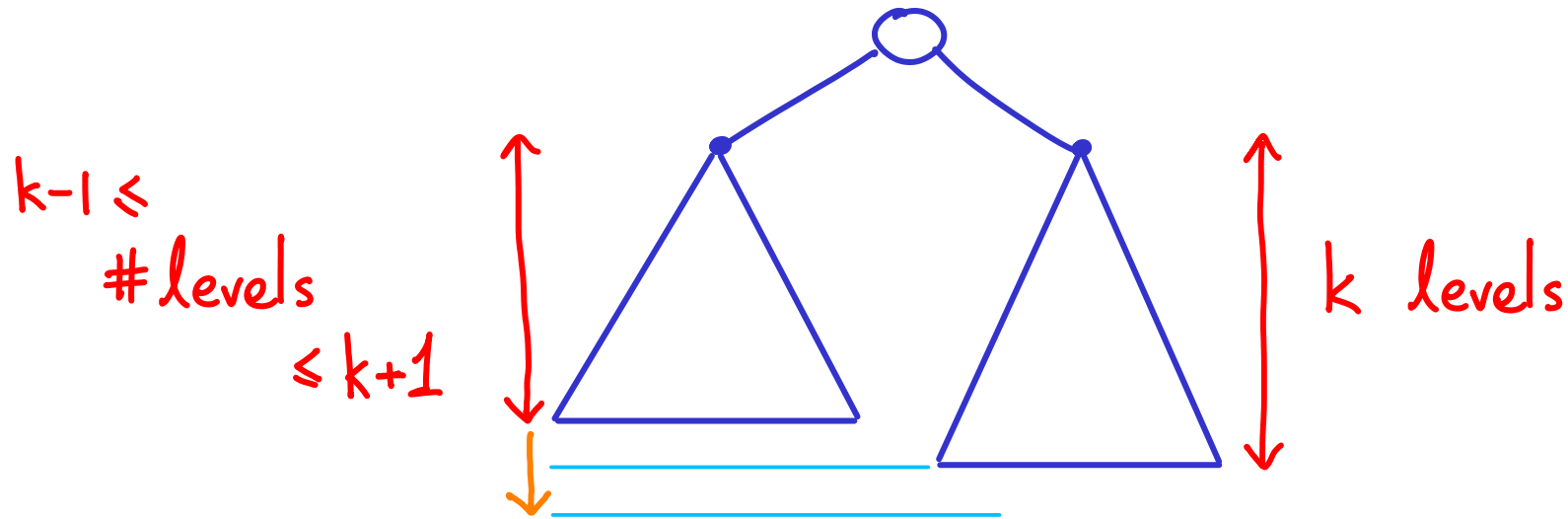


AVL TREES (Adelson-Velsky & Landis, 1962)

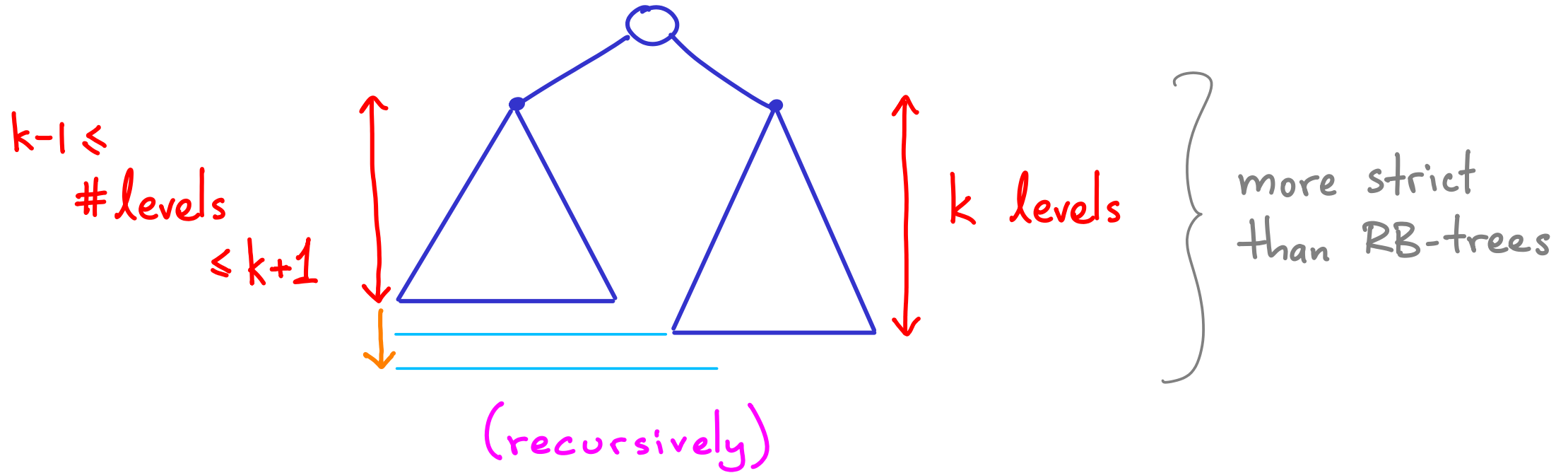
AVL TREES (Adelson-Velsky & Landis, 1962)

Dynamic (height)-balanced binary search tree

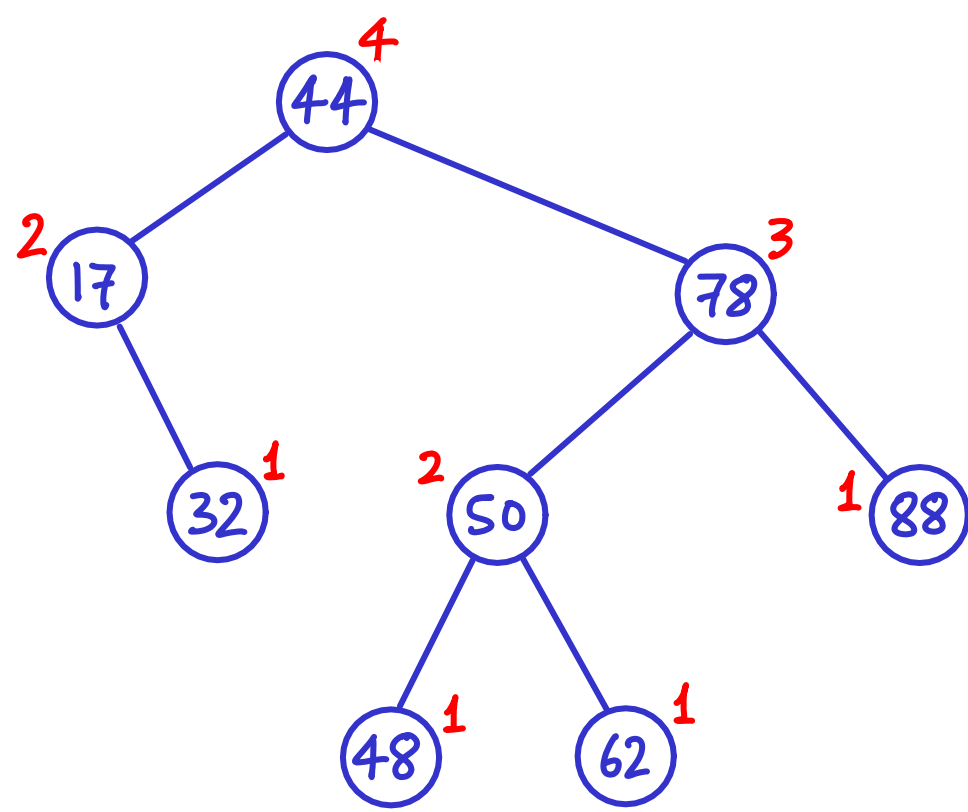


AVL TREES (Adelson-Velsky & Landis, 1962)

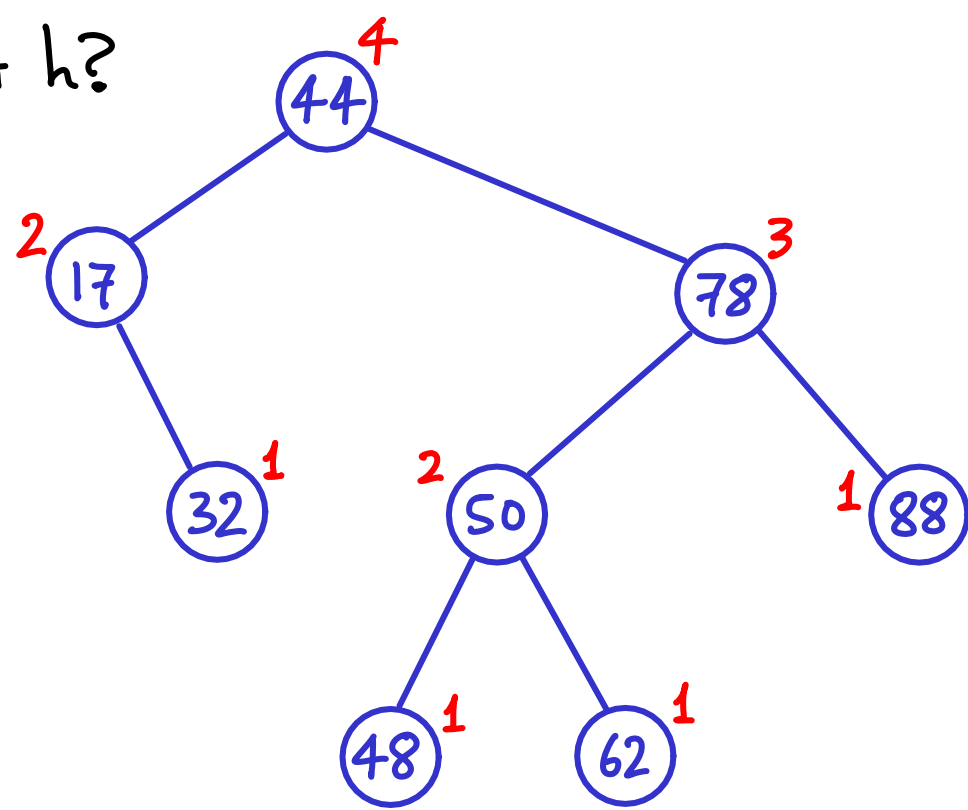
Dynamic (height)-balanced binary search tree



Augment with heights



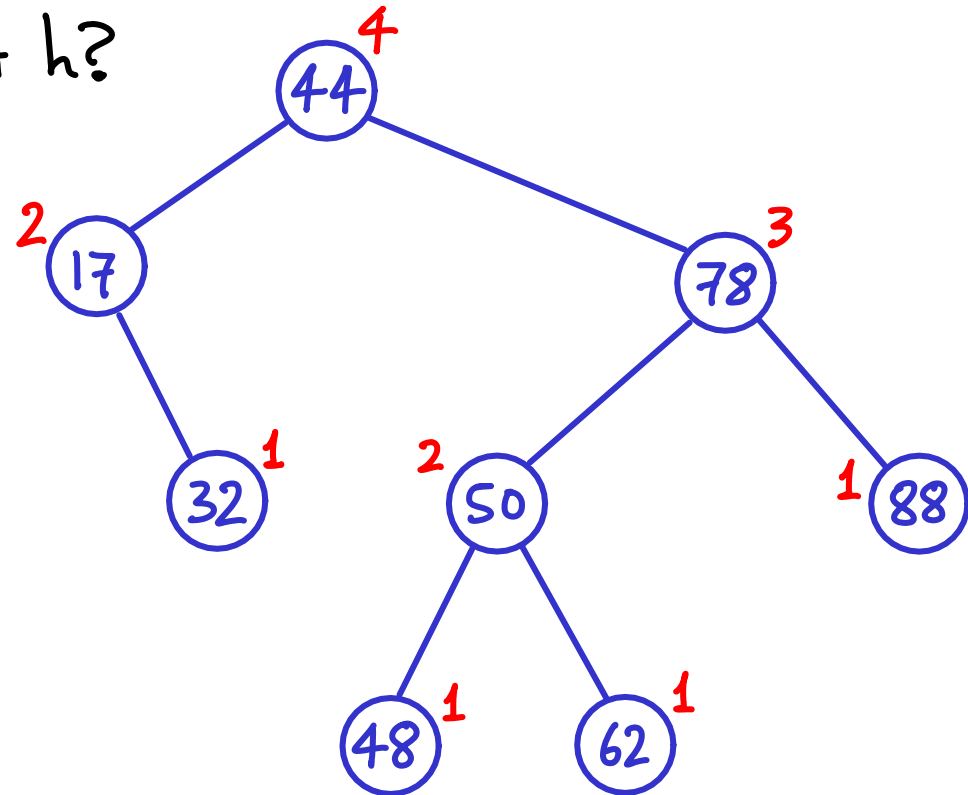
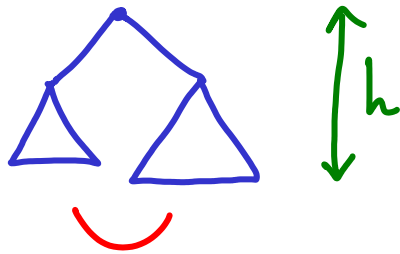
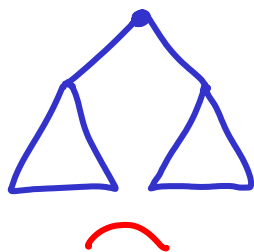
How many nodes are required to reach height h ?
 $\hookrightarrow N(h)$



How many nodes are required to reach height h ?

$\hookrightarrow N(h)$

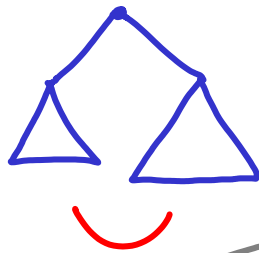
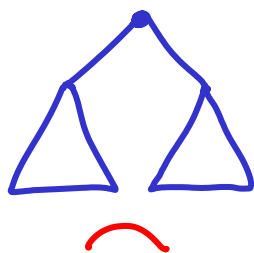
$\downarrow$ minimize



How many nodes are required to reach height h ?

$\hookrightarrow N(h)$

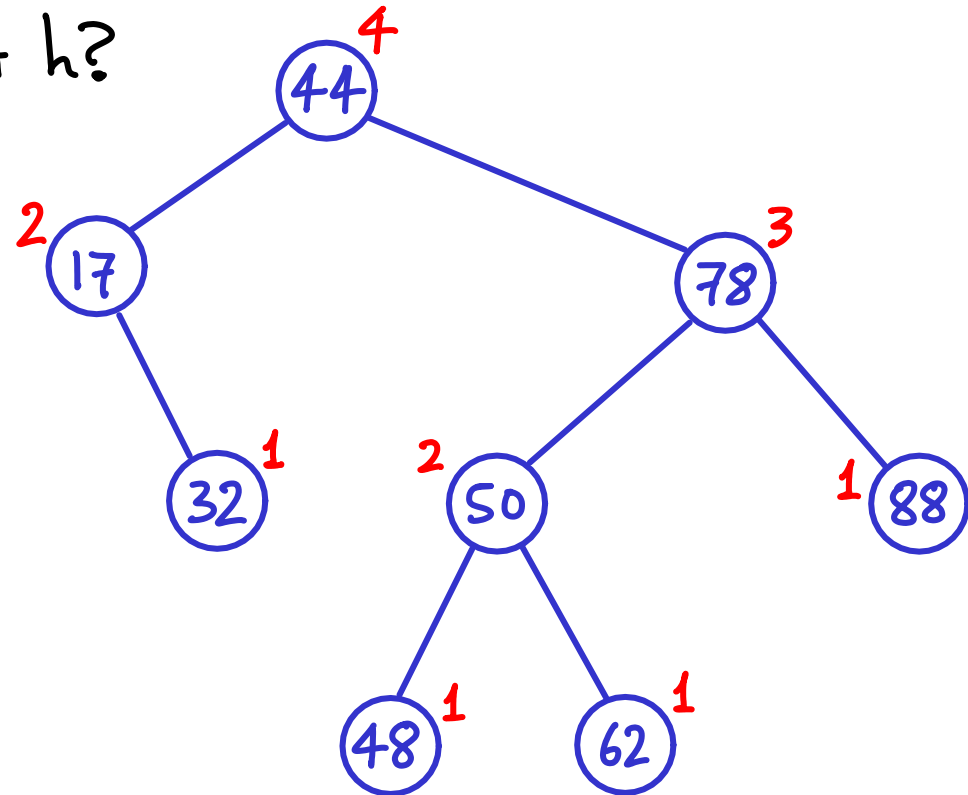
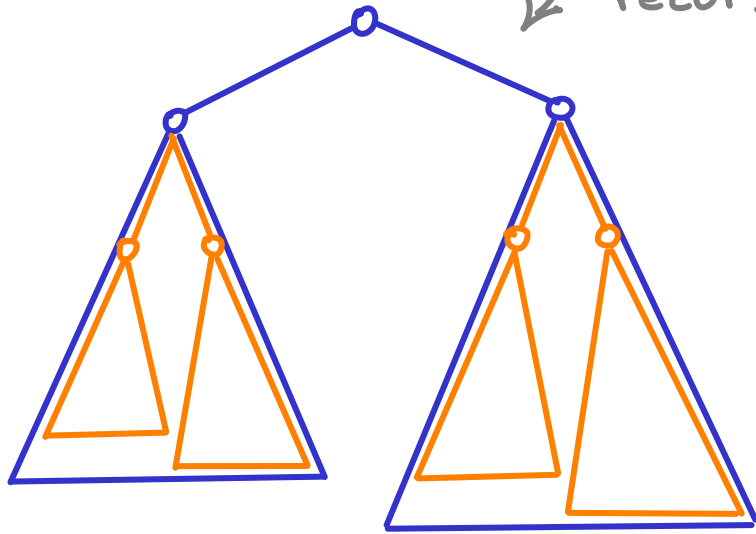
↓ minimize



h

do this recursively

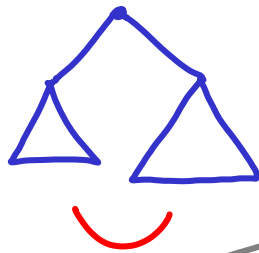
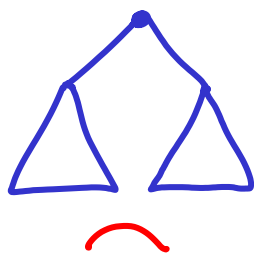
h



How many nodes are required to reach height h ?

$\hookrightarrow N(h)$

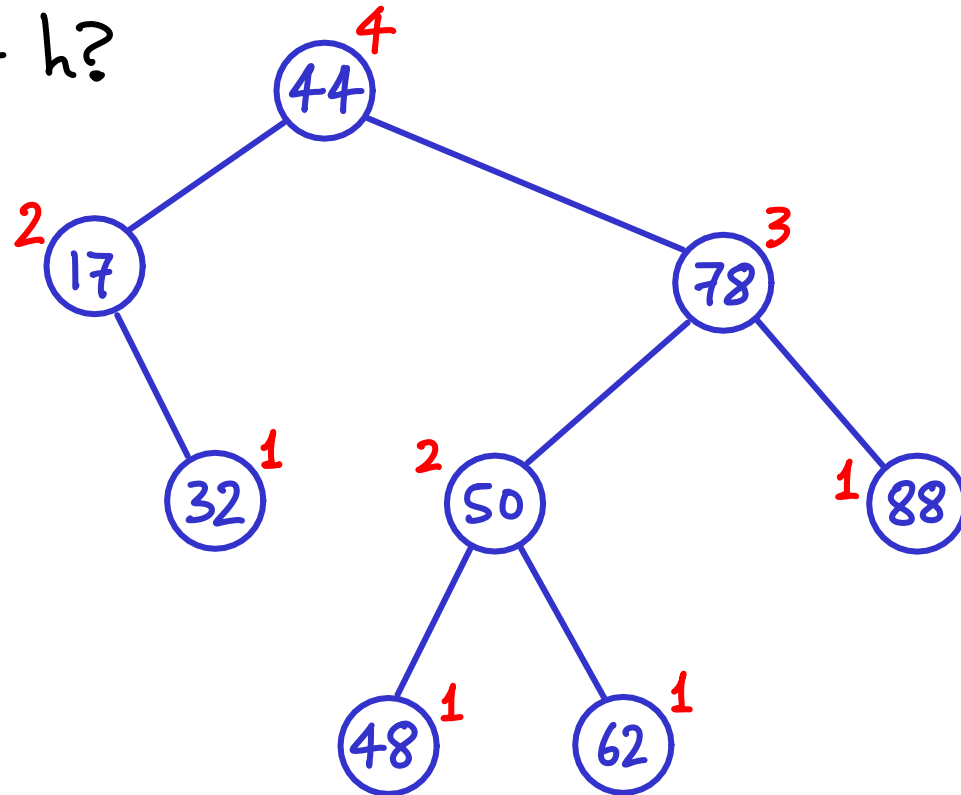
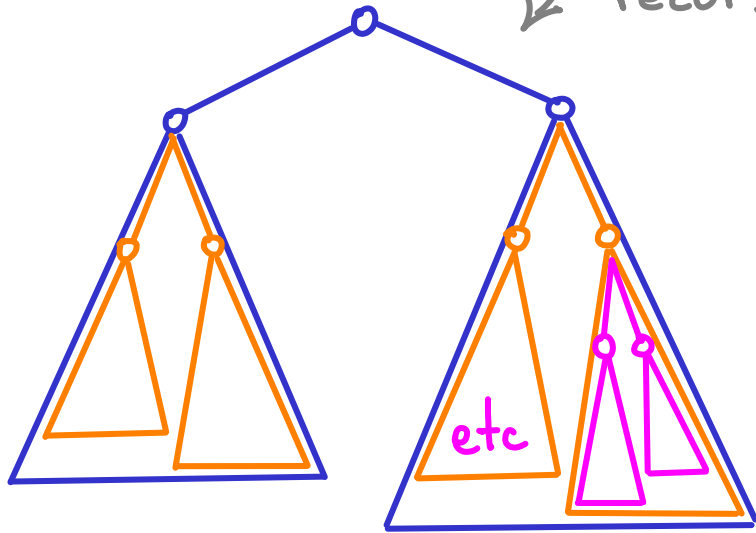
↓ minimize



h

do this recursively

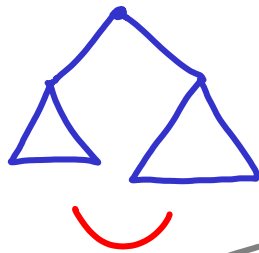
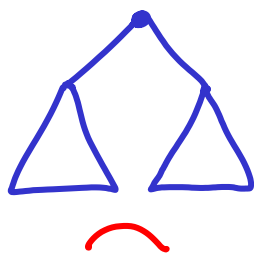
h



How many nodes are required to reach height h ?

$\hookrightarrow N(h)$

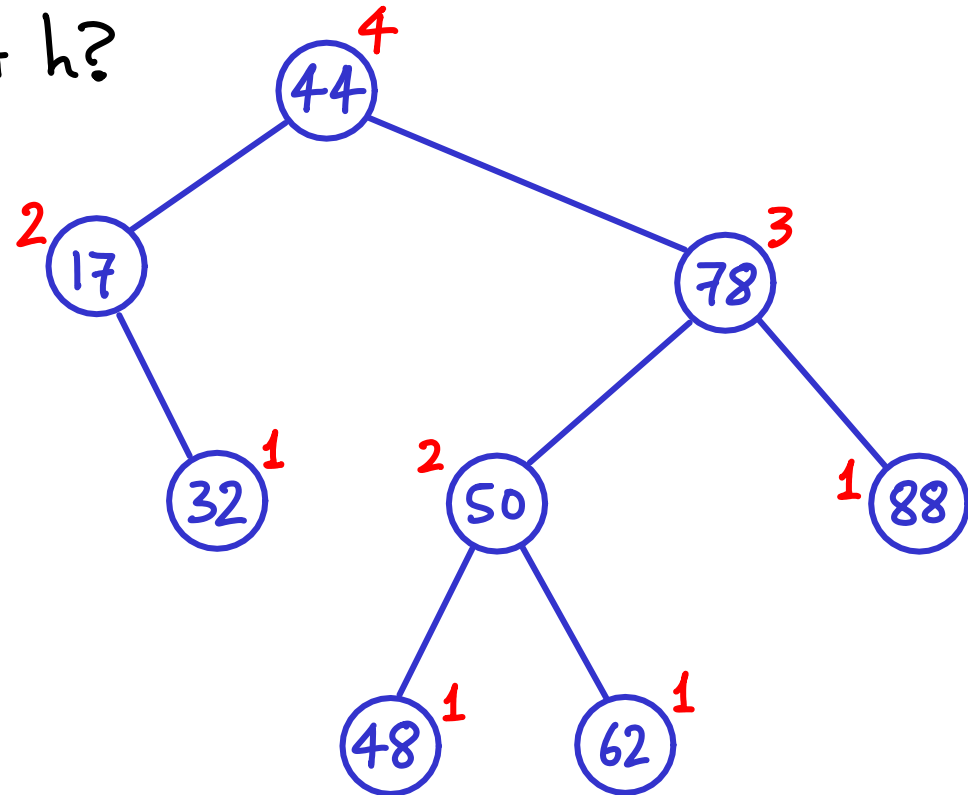
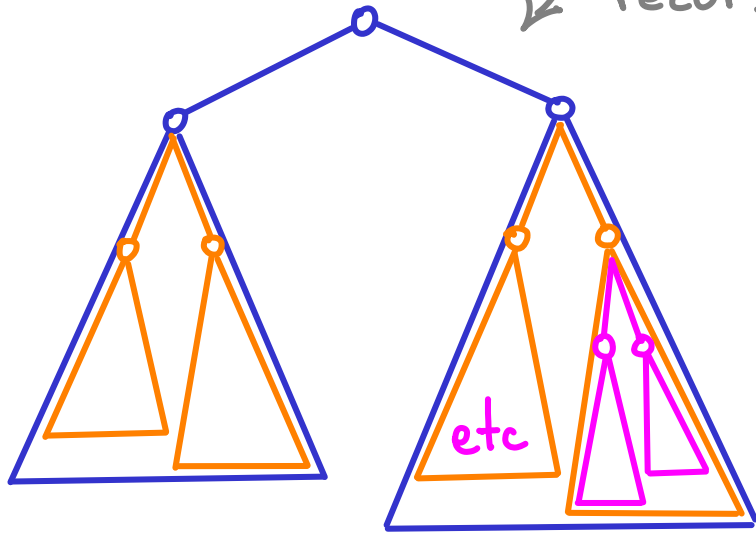
↓ minimize



↑
↓
 h

do this recursively

↑
↓
 h

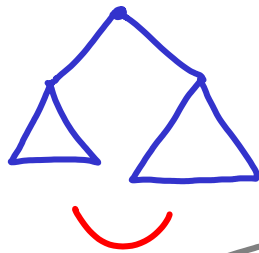
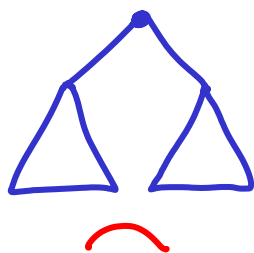


$$N(h) = ?$$

How many nodes are required to reach height h ?

$\hookrightarrow N(h)$

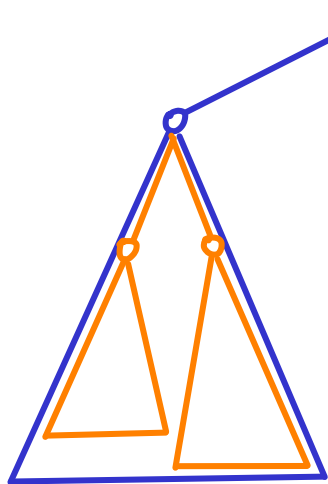
↓ minimize



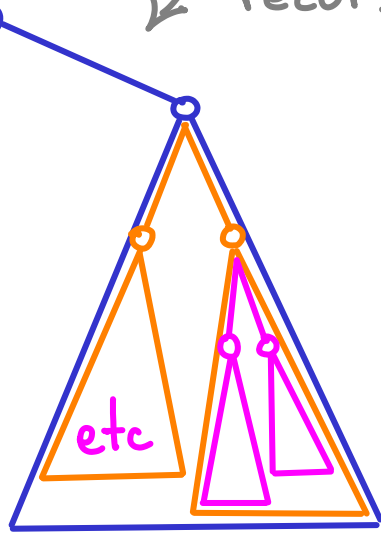
↑
 h

do this recursively

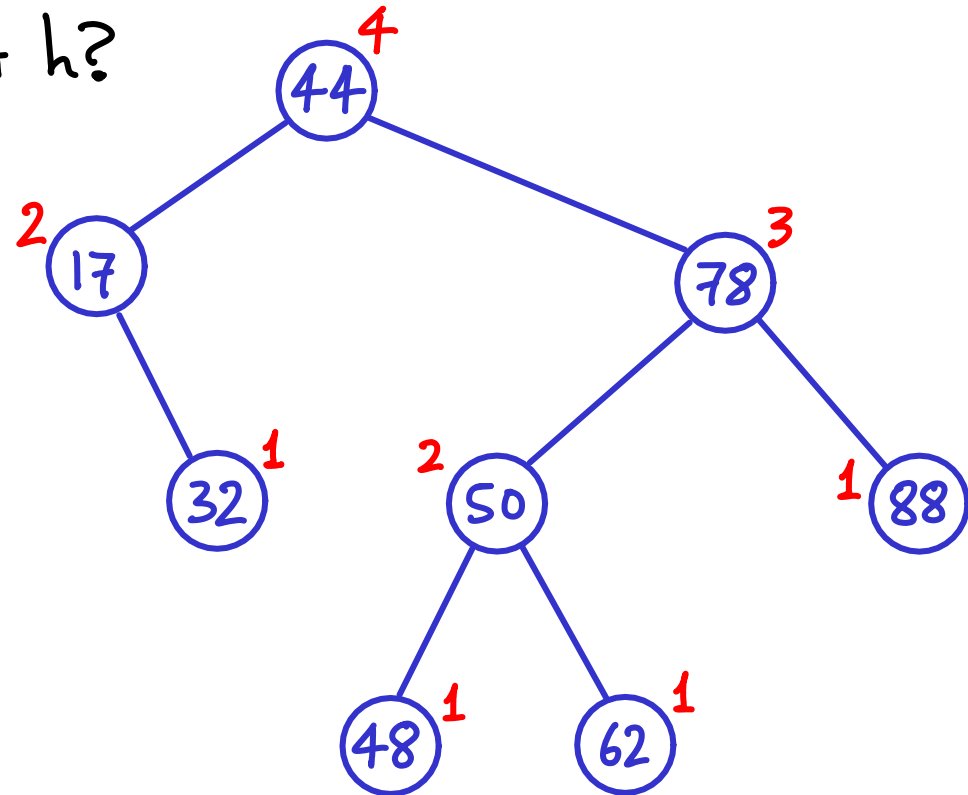
↑
 h



$N(h-2)$



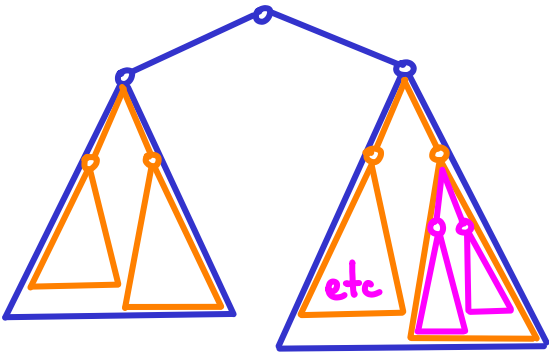
$N(h-1)$



$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

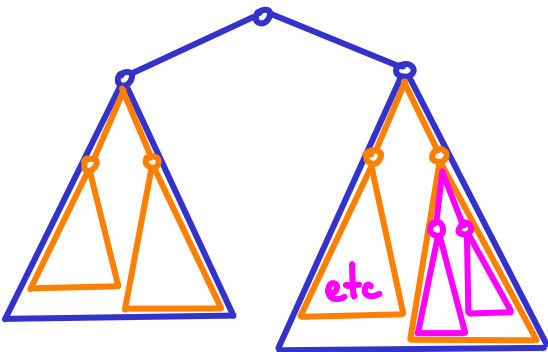
$$N(2) = 2$$



$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

$$N(2) = 2$$

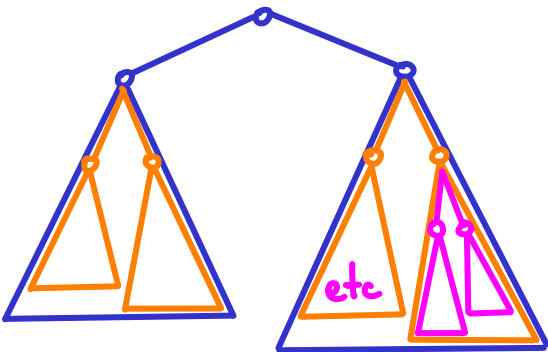


$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

$$N(2) = 2$$

$$N(h) > ?$$



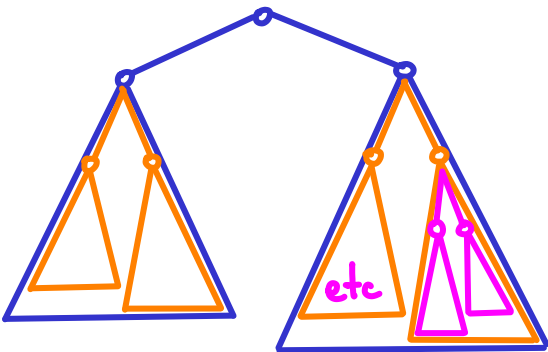
$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

$$N(2) = 2$$

$$N(h) > 2N(h-2) = \Omega(2^{h/2})$$

$$\hookrightarrow h < 2 \log_2 N$$



$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

$$N(2) = 2$$

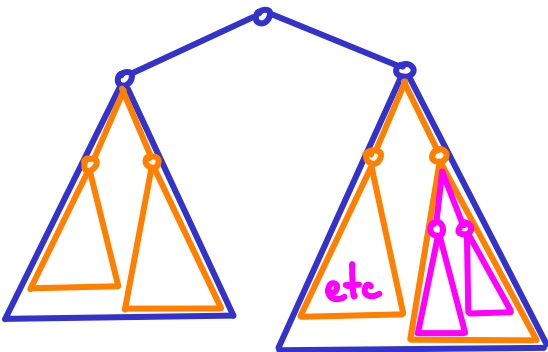
Fibonacci

$$F(h) = F(h-2) + F(h-1)$$

$$F(0) = F(1) = 1$$

$$N(h) > 2N(h-2) = \Omega(2^{h/2})$$

$$\hookrightarrow h < 2 \log_2 N$$



$$N(h) = 1 + N(h-2) + N(h-1)$$

$$N(1) = 1$$

$$N(2) = 2$$

Fibonacci

$$F(h) = F(h-2) + F(h-1)$$

$$F(0) = F(1) = 1$$

$$N(h) > F(h)$$

$$N(h) > \frac{\phi^h}{\sqrt{5}}$$

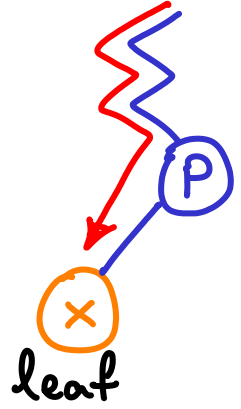
$$h < \log_{\phi} N + O(1)$$

$$\sim \underline{\underline{1.44 \cdot \log_2 N}}$$

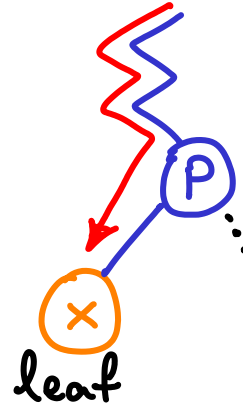
$$N(h) > 2N(h-2) = \Omega(2^{h/2})$$

$$\hookrightarrow h < 2 \log_2 N$$

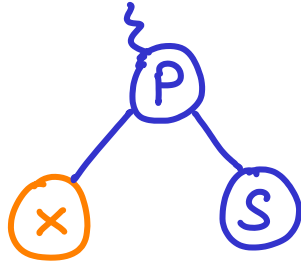
INSERTION IN AVL



INSERTION IN AVL

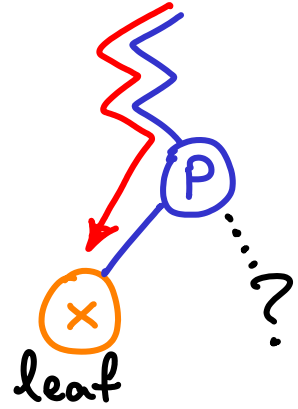


? is there a sibling?

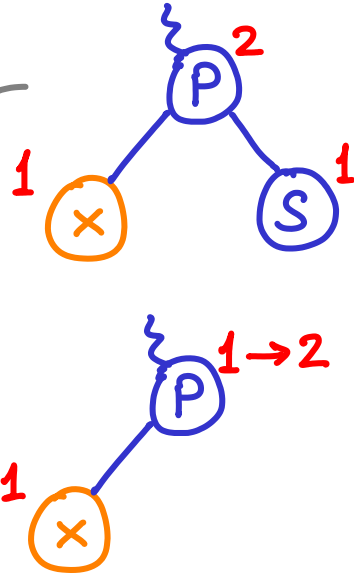


If yes then ?

INSERTION IN AVL



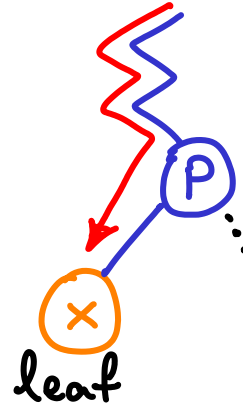
is there a sibling?



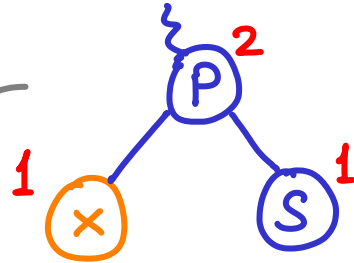
If yes, then done

If not, parent is still happy
but other ancestors might not be

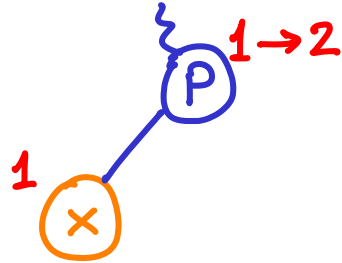
INSERTION IN AVL



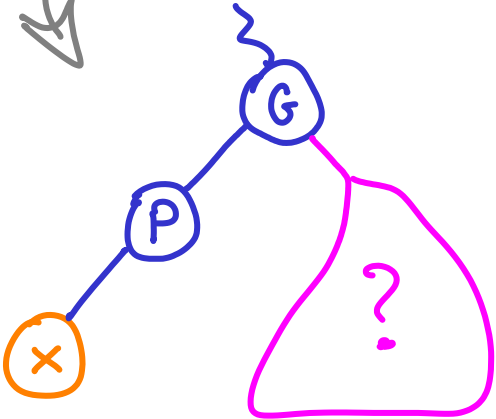
? is there a sibling?



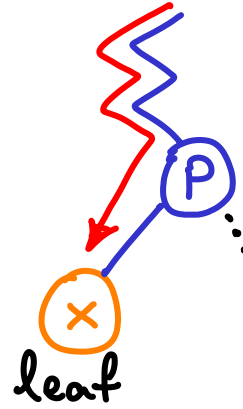
If yes, then done



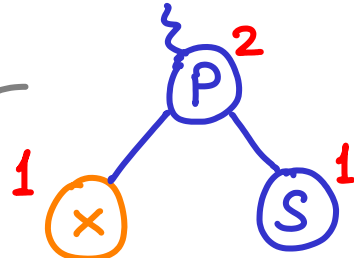
If not, parent is still happy
but other ancestors might not be



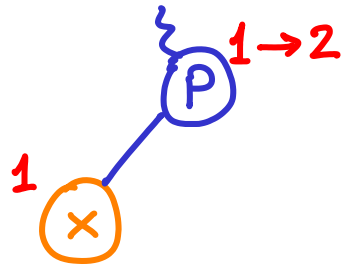
INSERTION IN AVL



? is there a sibling?

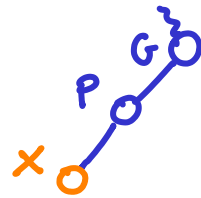
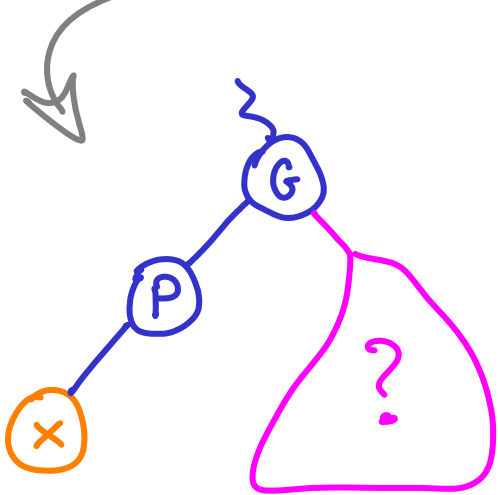


If yes, then done

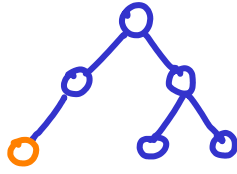
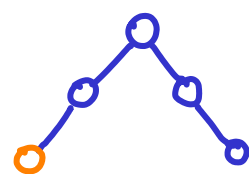
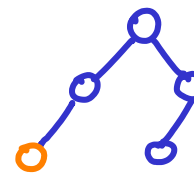
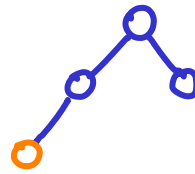


If not, parent is still happy

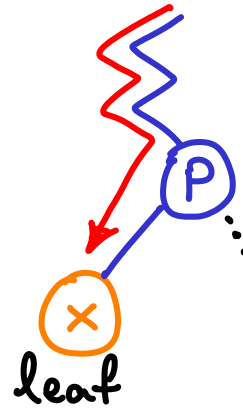
but other ancestors might not be



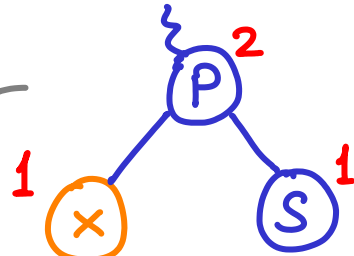
OR



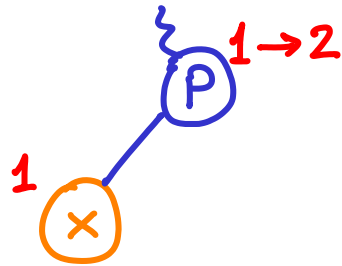
INSERTION IN AVL



? is there a sibling?

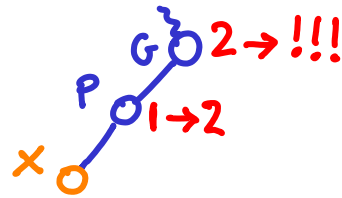
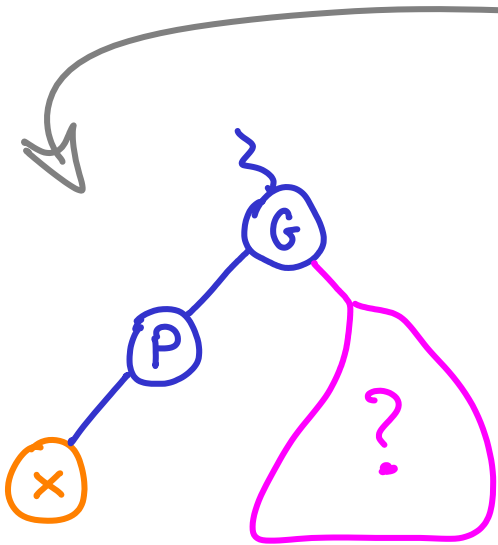


If yes, then done

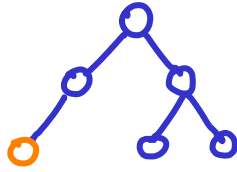
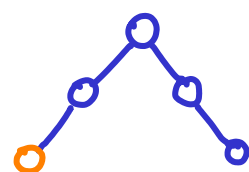
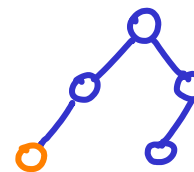
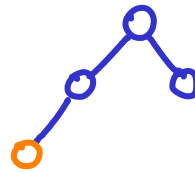


If not, parent is still happy

but other ancestors might not be

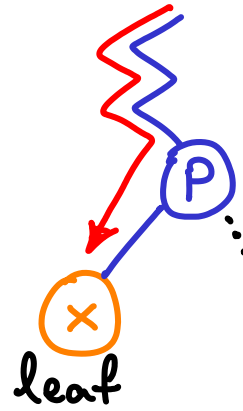


OR

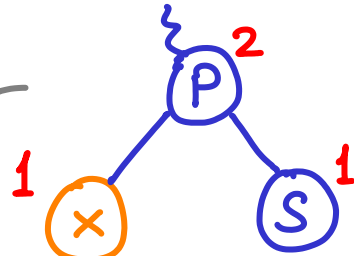


?

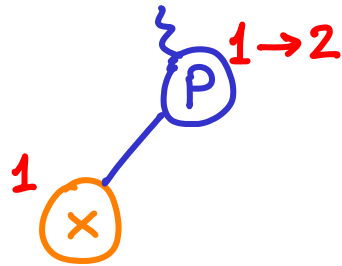
INSERTION IN AVL



? is there a sibling?

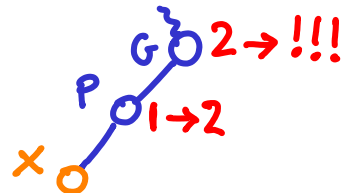
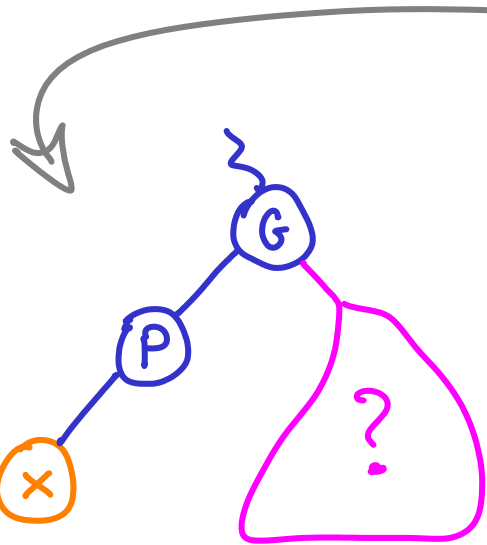


If yes, then done

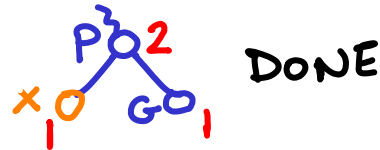


If not, parent is still happy

but other ancestors might not be

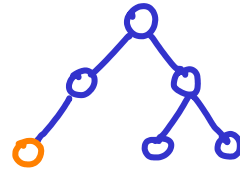
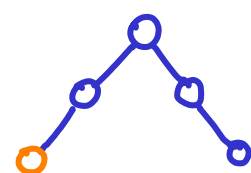
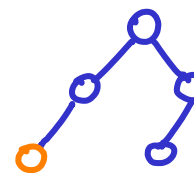
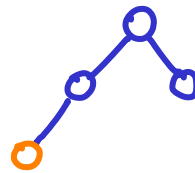


Right-rotate(G)



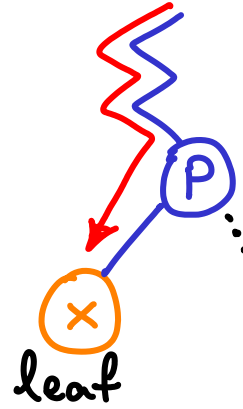
DONE

OR

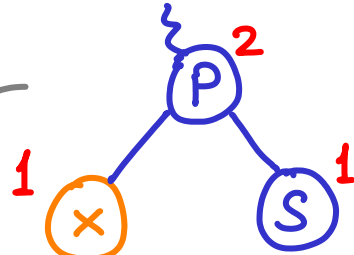


?

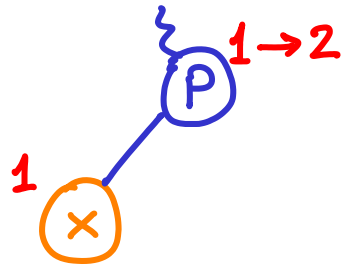
INSERTION IN AVL



? is there a sibling?

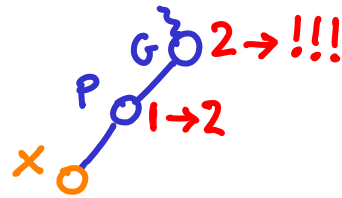
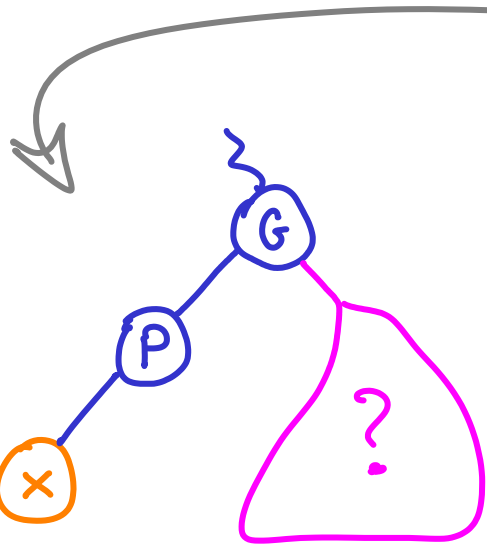


If yes, then done

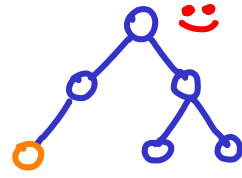
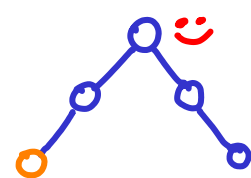
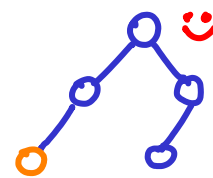
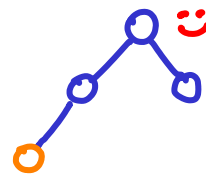


If not, parent is still happy

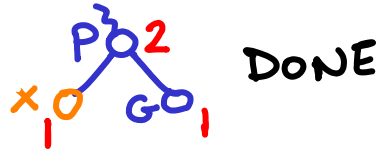
but other ancestors might not be



OR



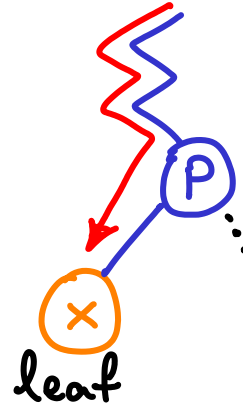
Right-rotate(G)



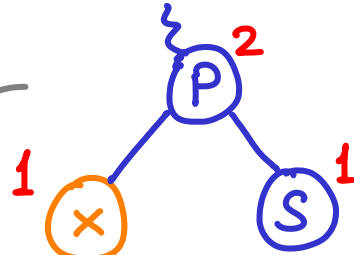
Now grandparent is happy

but other ancestors might not be

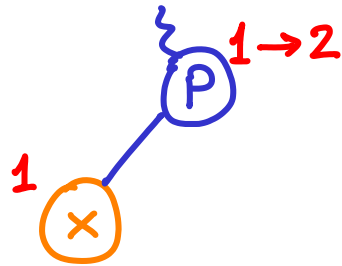
INSERTION IN AVL



? is there a sibling?

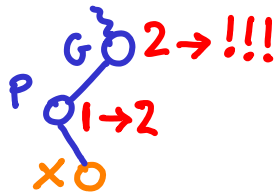
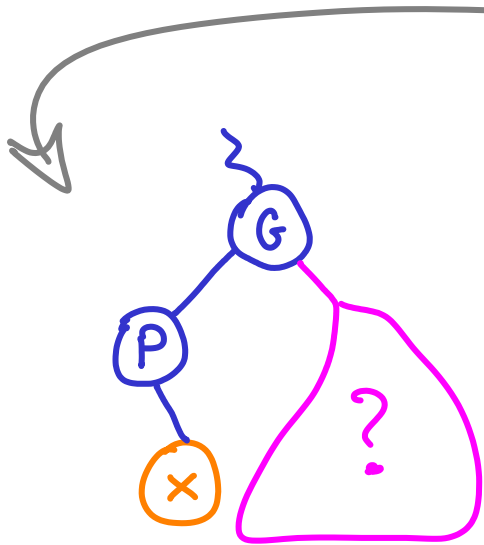


If yes, then done

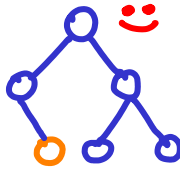
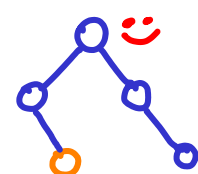
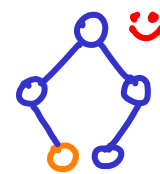
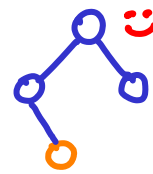


If not, parent is still happy

but other ancestors might not be



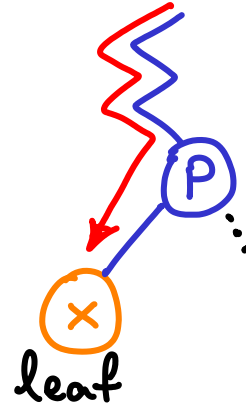
OR



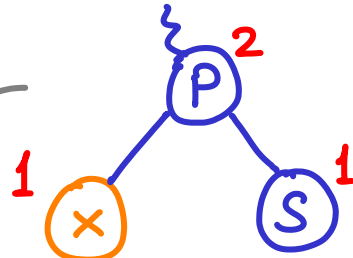
Now grandparent is happy

but other ancestors might not be

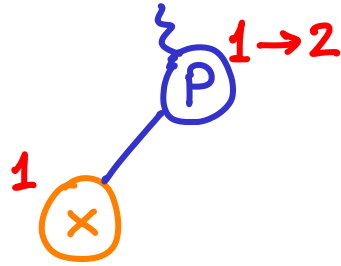
INSERTION IN AVL



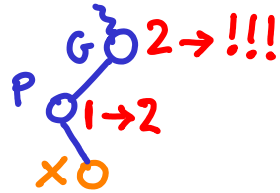
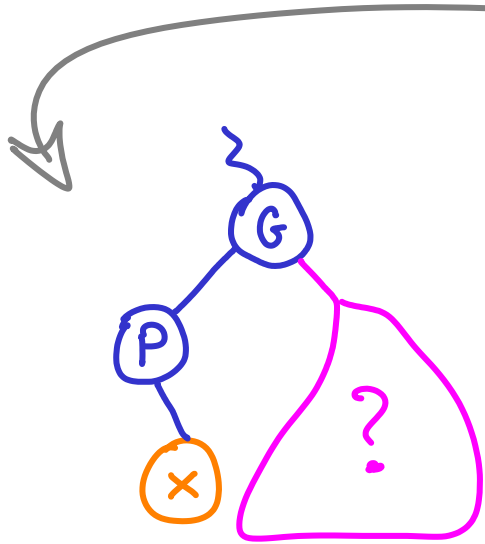
? is there a sibling?



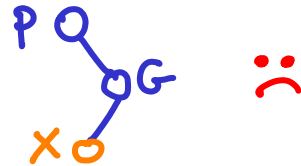
If yes, then done



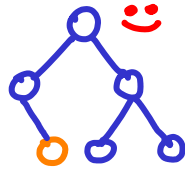
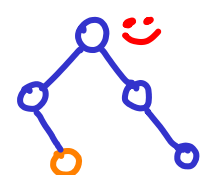
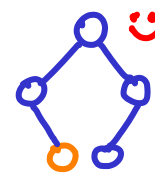
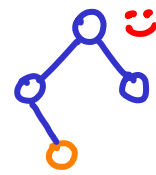
If not, parent is still happy
but other ancestors might not be



Right-rotate(G)

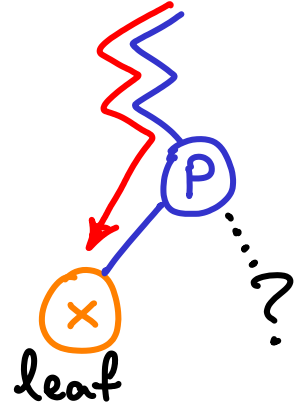


OR

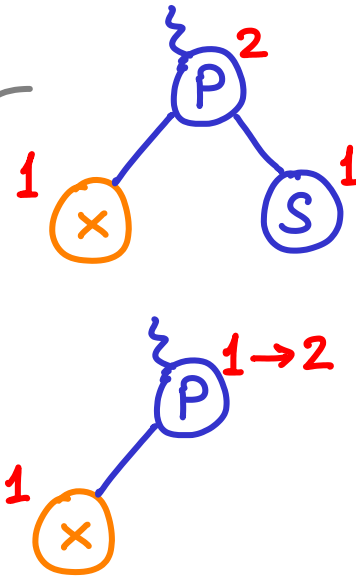


Now grandparent is happy
but other ancestors might not be

INSERTION IN AVL

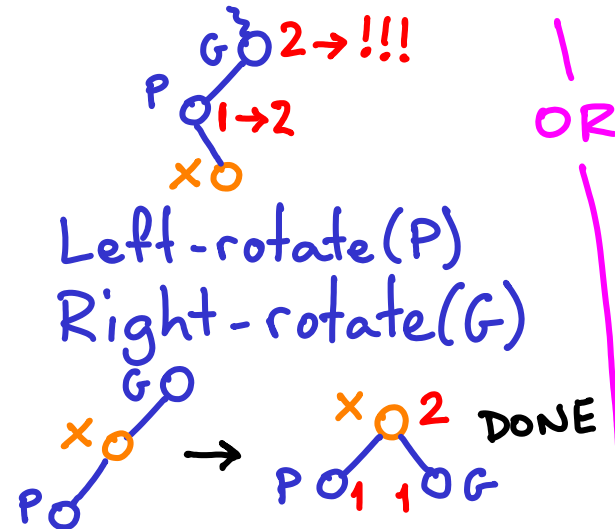
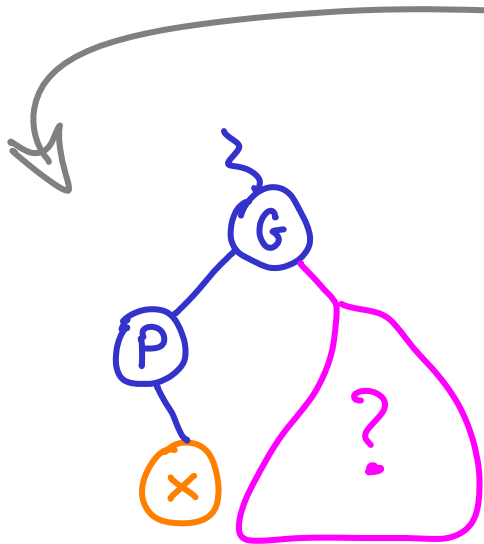


? is there a sibling?

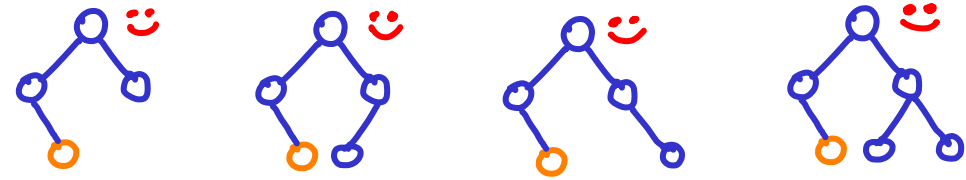


If yes, then done

If not, parent is still happy
but other ancestors might not be



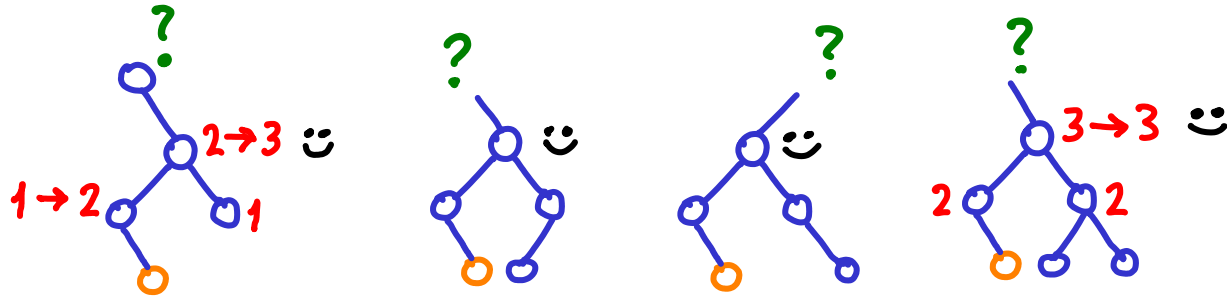
OR



Now grandparent is happy
but other ancestors might not be

INSERTION IN AVL

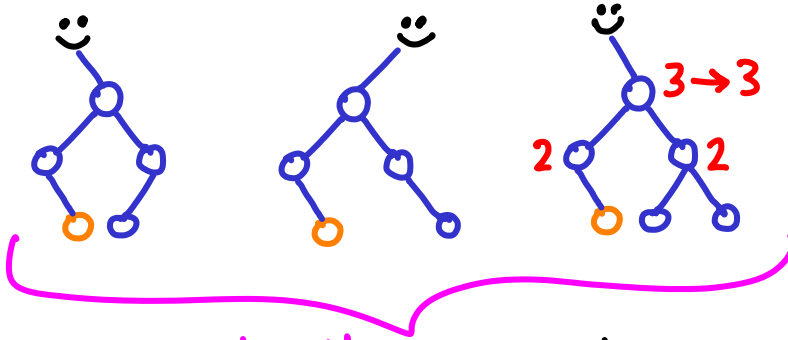
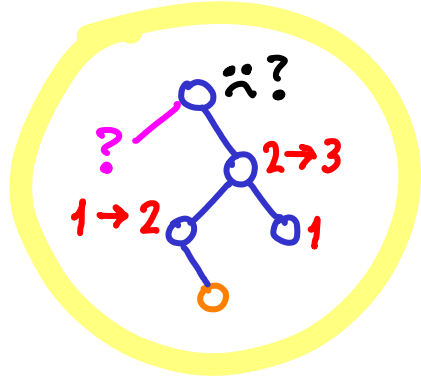
If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be



Who's happy?

INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

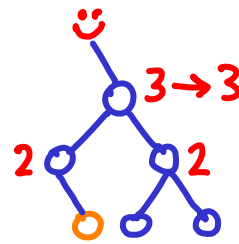
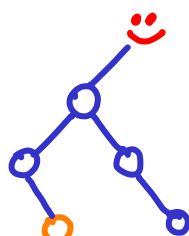
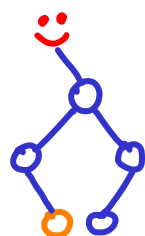
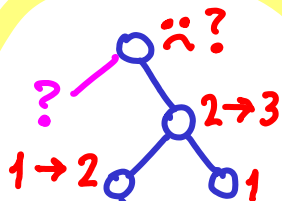
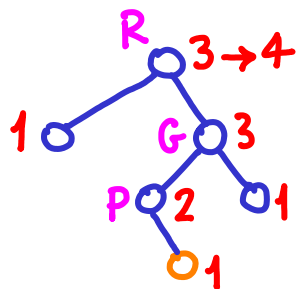


actually OK No score changes: DONE

INSERTION IN AVL

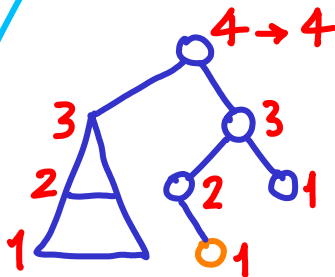
If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

Case 1

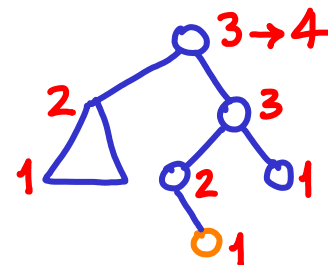


actually OK No score changes: DONE

case 2



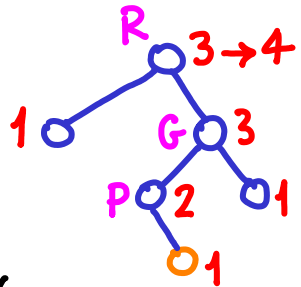
case 3



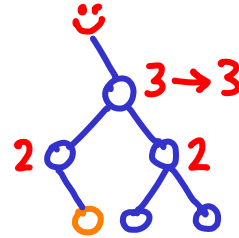
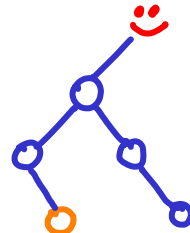
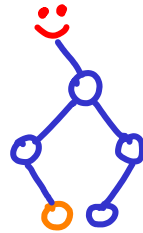
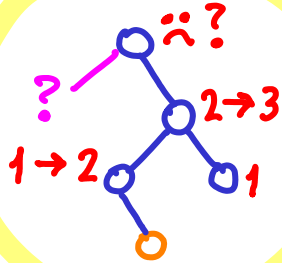
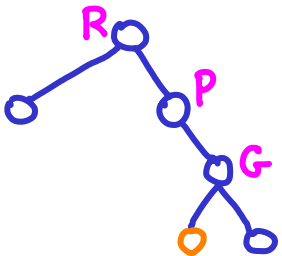
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

Case 1



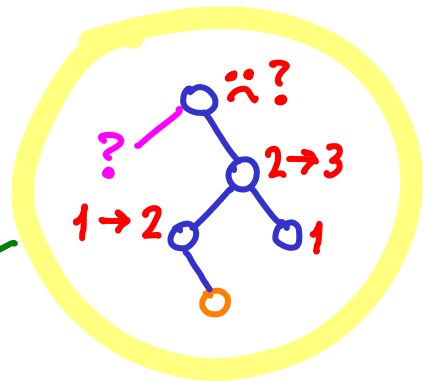
(Right-rotate(G))



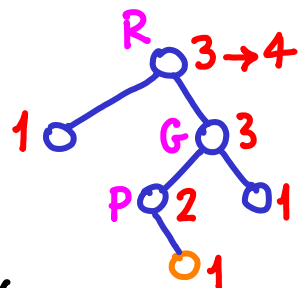
actually OK No score changes: DONE

INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

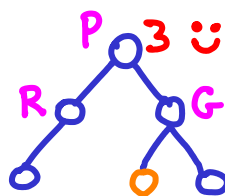
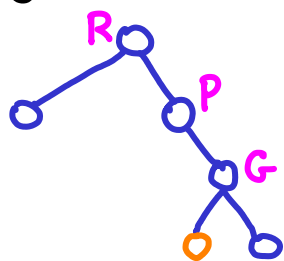


Case 1

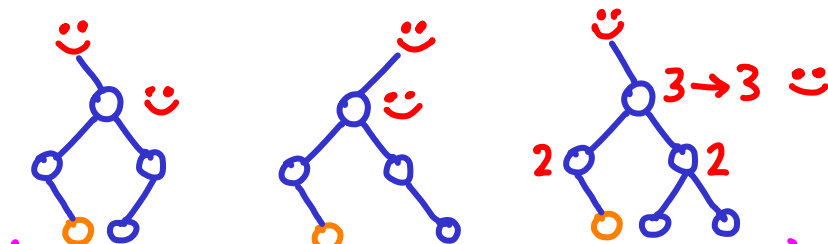


(Right-rotate(G))

Left-rotate(R)



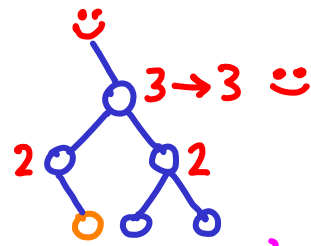
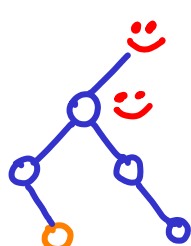
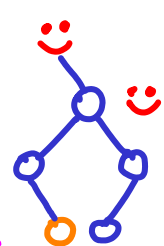
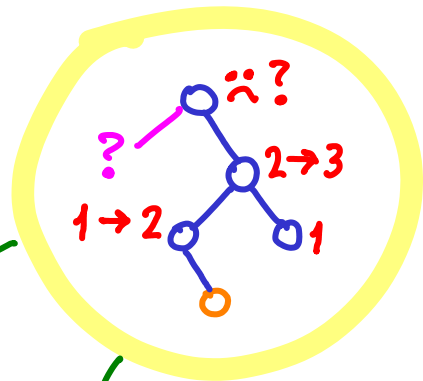
DONE



actually OK No score changes: DONE

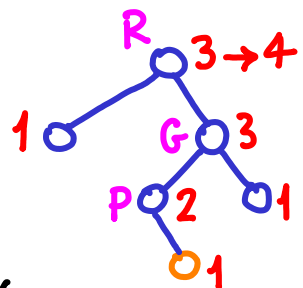
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

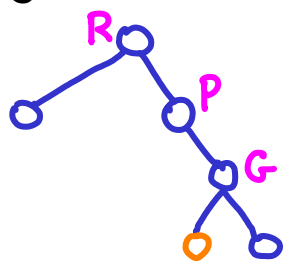


actually OK No score changes: DONE

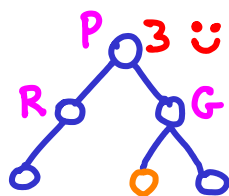
Case 1



(Right-rotate(G))

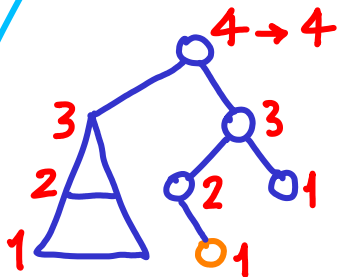


Left-rotate(R)



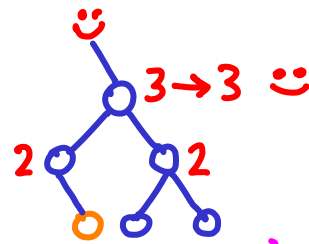
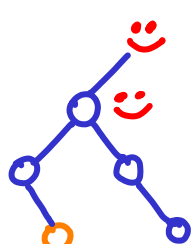
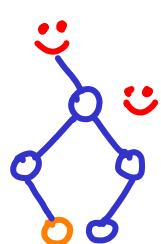
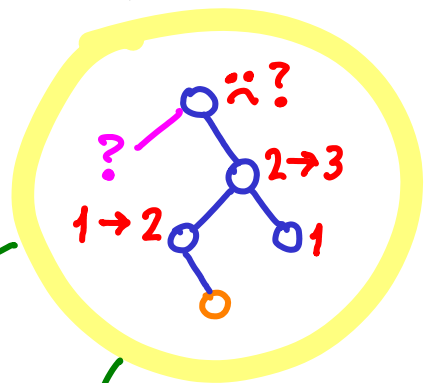
DONE

Case 2



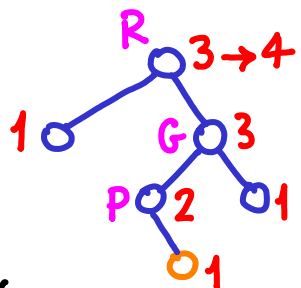
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be



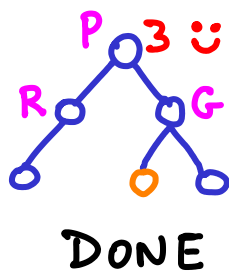
actually OK No score changes: DONE

Case 1



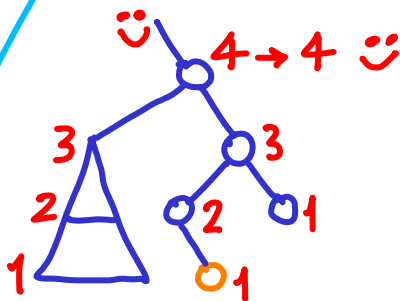
(Right-rotate(G))

Left-rotate(R)



DONE

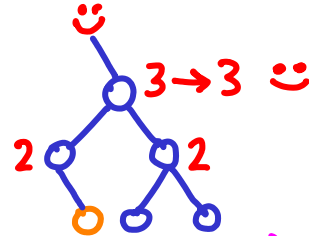
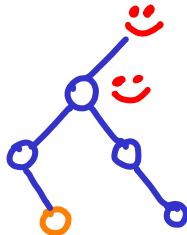
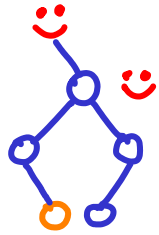
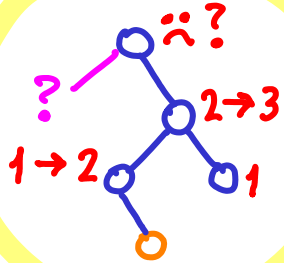
Case 2



Same as above.
DONE

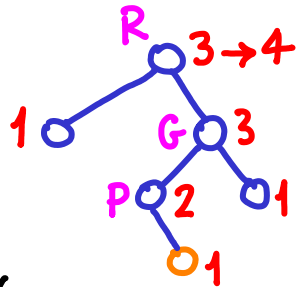
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

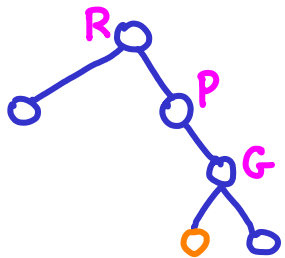


actually OK No score changes: DONE

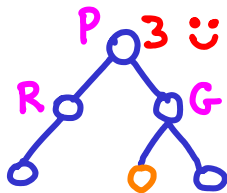
Case 1



(Right-rotate(G)

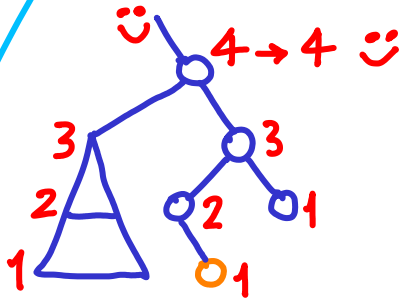


Left-rotate(R)



DONE

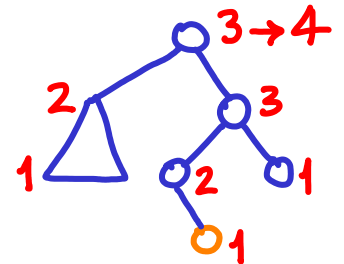
case 2



Same as above.

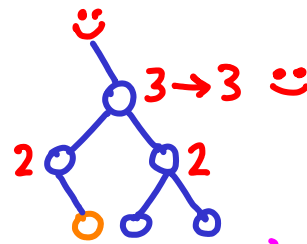
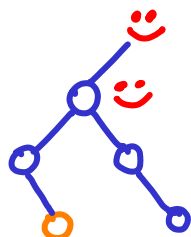
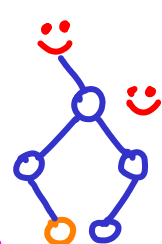
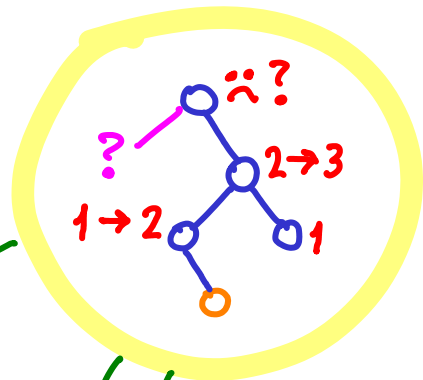
DONE

case 3



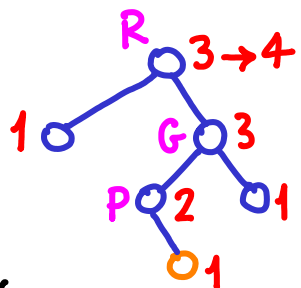
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

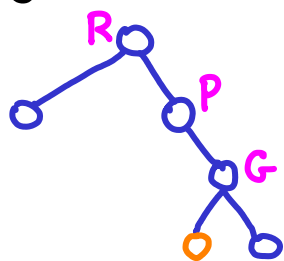


actually OK No score changes: DONE

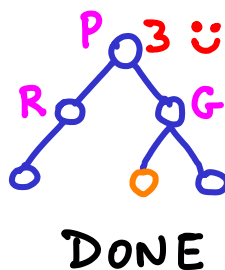
case 1



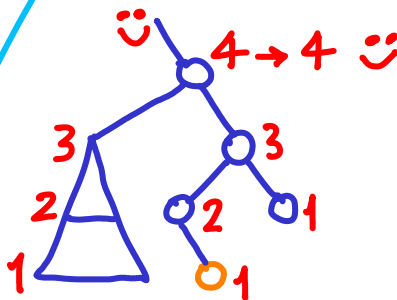
(Right-rotate(G))



Left-rotate(R)

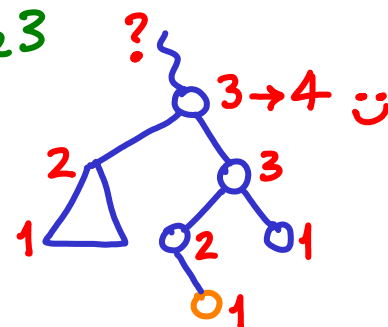


case 2



Same as above.
DONE

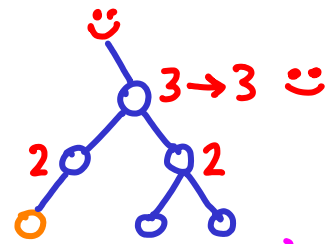
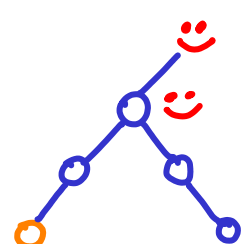
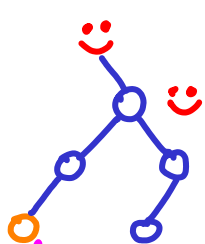
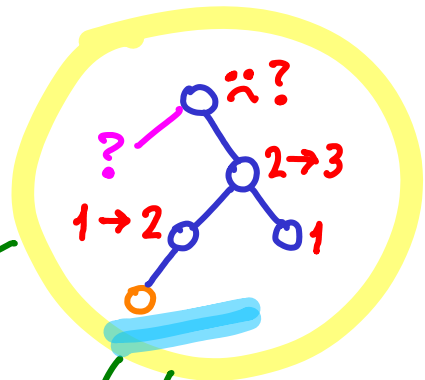
case 3



Keep searching up

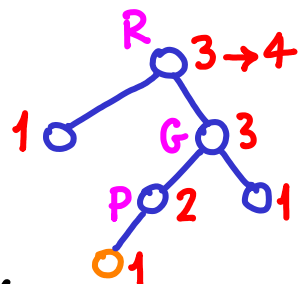
INSERTION IN AVL

If not done, grandparent is happy but other ancestors might not be

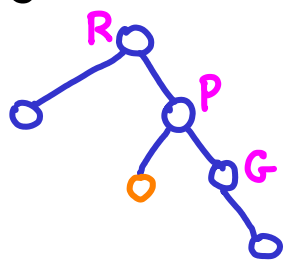


actually OK No score changes: DONE

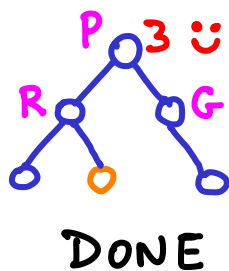
case 1



(Right-rotate(G))

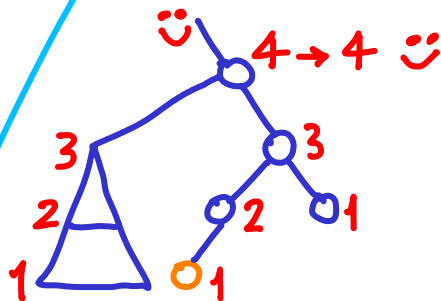


Left-rotate(R)



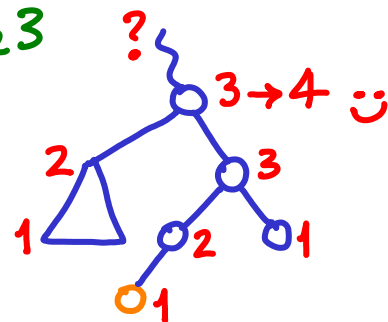
DONE

case 2



Same as above.
DONE

case 3



Keep searching up

INSERTION IN AVL | In general, walk up ancestor path.

If any ancestor is ± 1 balanced and has original score (height) then DONE.

INSERTION IN AVL | In general, walk up ancestor path.

If any ancestor is ± 1 balanced and has original score (height) then DONE.

↳ if ± 1 balanced but score went up,
keep searching

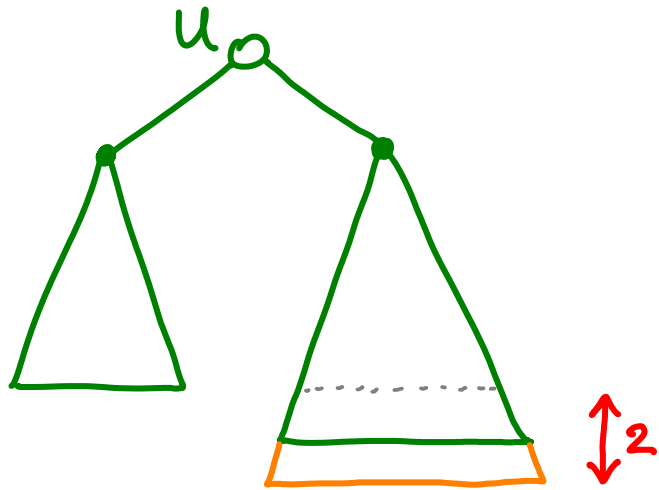
search ends at root, $O(\log n)$ time

INSERTION IN AVL | In general, walk up ancestor path.

If any ancestor is ± 1 balanced and has original score (height) then DONE.

↳ if imbalance > 1 ,
fix & stop.

↳ if ± 1 balanced but score went up,
keep searching



search ends at root, $O(\log n)$ time

Otherwise,

U = first really unbalanced ancestor

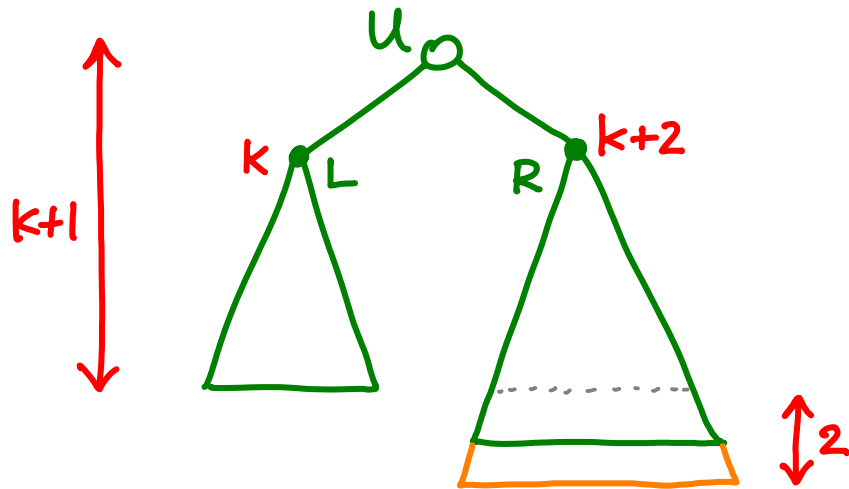
INSERTION IN AVL | In general, walk up ancestor path.

If any ancestor is ± 1 balanced and has original score (height) then DONE.

↳ if imbalance > 1 ,
fix & stop.

↳ if ± 1 balanced but score went up,
keep searching

search ends at root, $O(\log n)$ time



Otherwise,
 U = first really unbalanced ancestor
 U has one subtree with height k
& one with $k+2$: (w.l.o.g. right subtree, R)

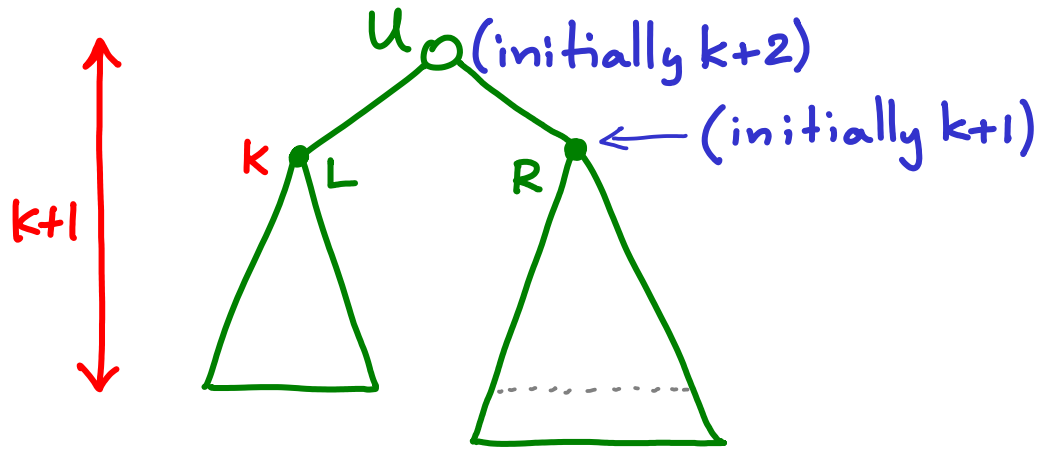
INSERTION IN AVL | In general, walk up ancestor path.

If any ancestor is ± 1 balanced and has original score (height) then DONE.

↳ if imbalance > 1 ,
fix & stop.

↳ if ± 1 balanced but score went up,
keep searching

search ends at root, $O(\log n)$ time



Otherwise,
 U = first really unbalanced ancestor
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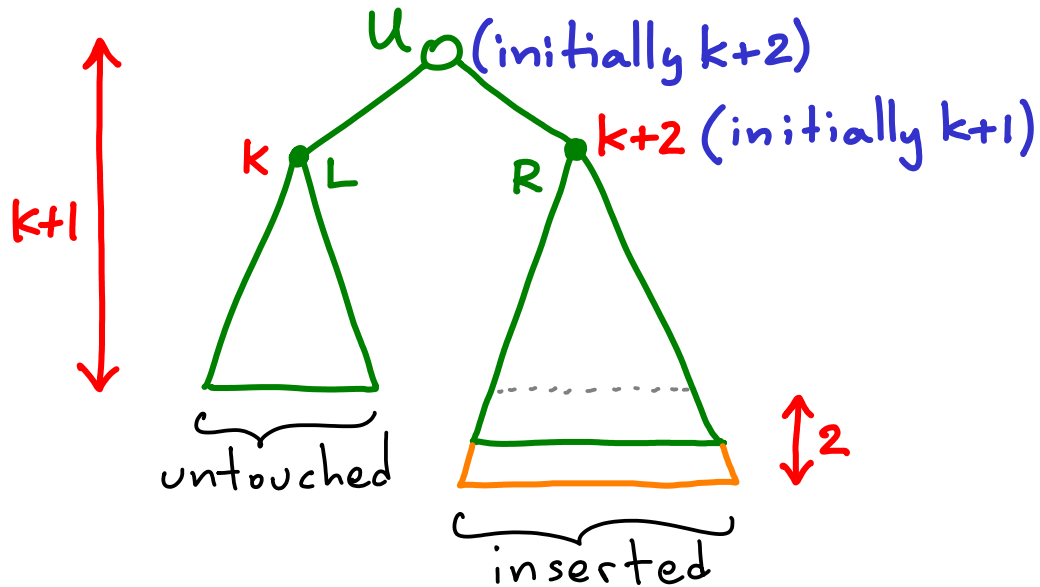
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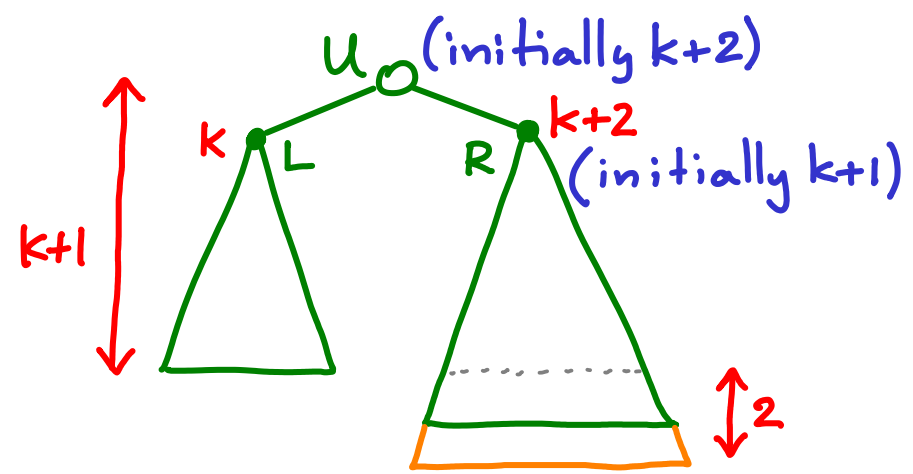
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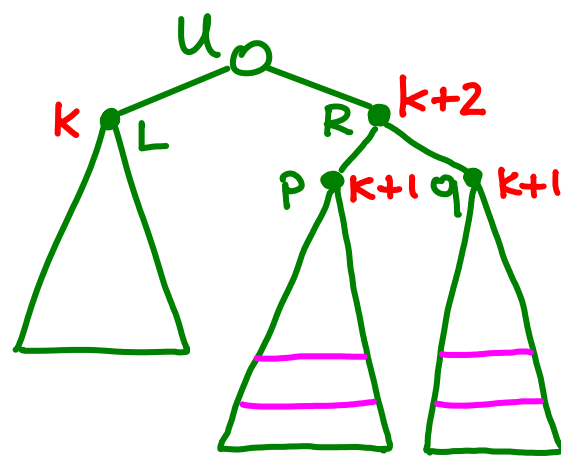
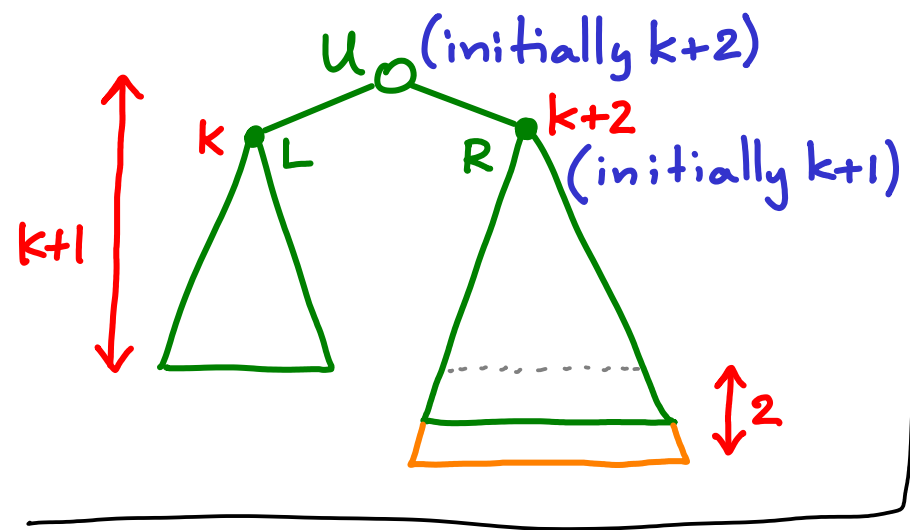
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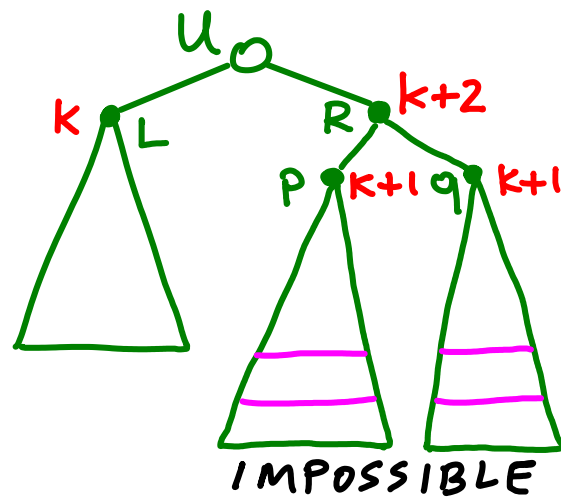
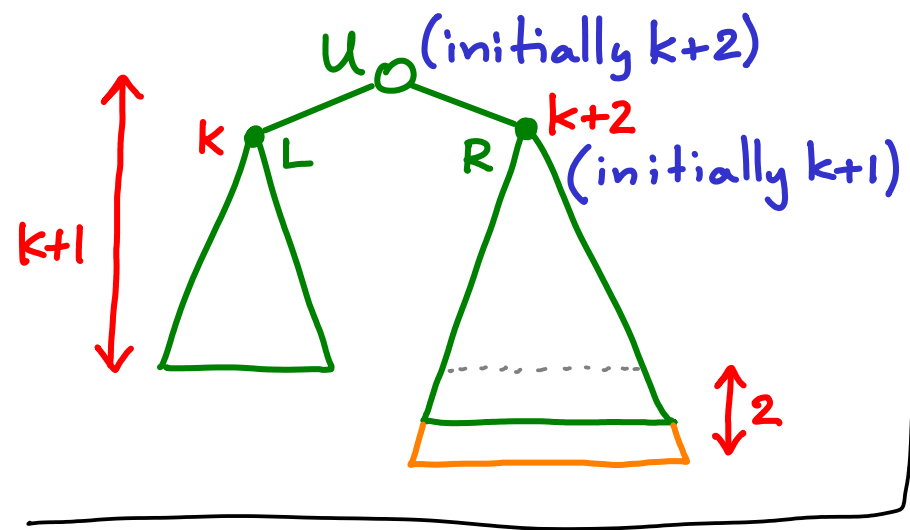


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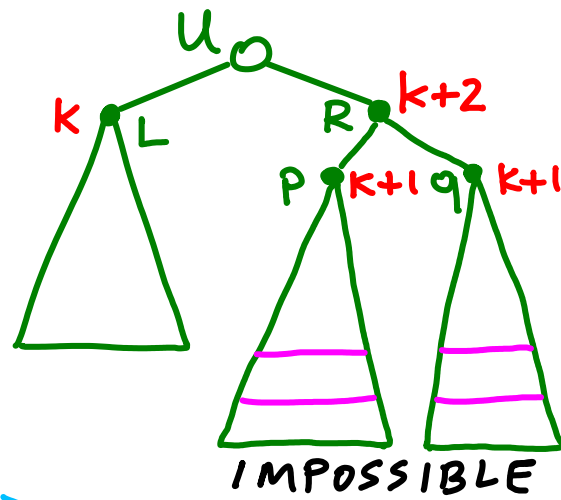
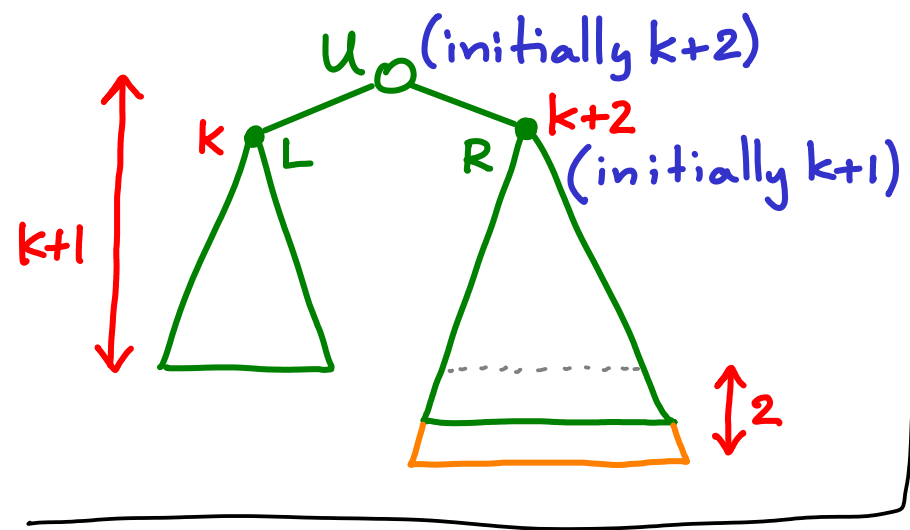




?

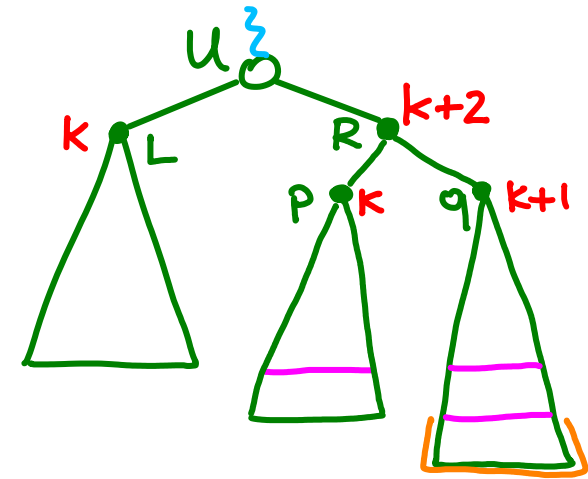


we haven't modified (rotated) anything yet, so R would have already had height $k+2$ via either p or q .

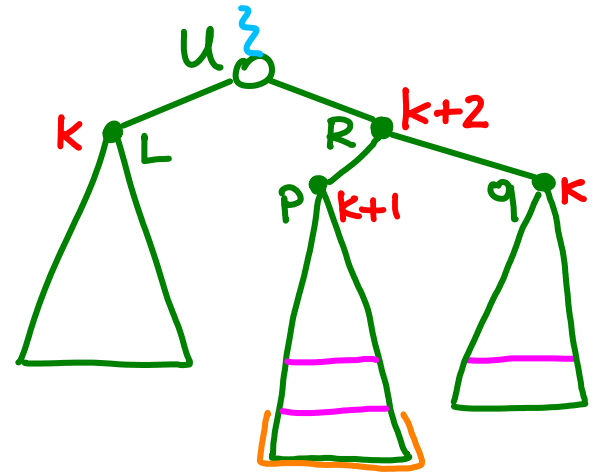


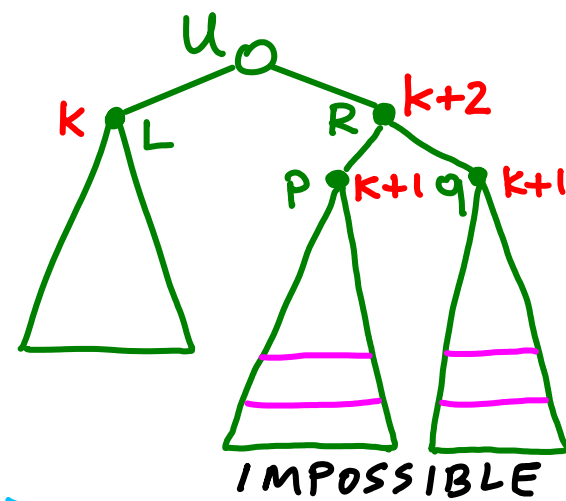
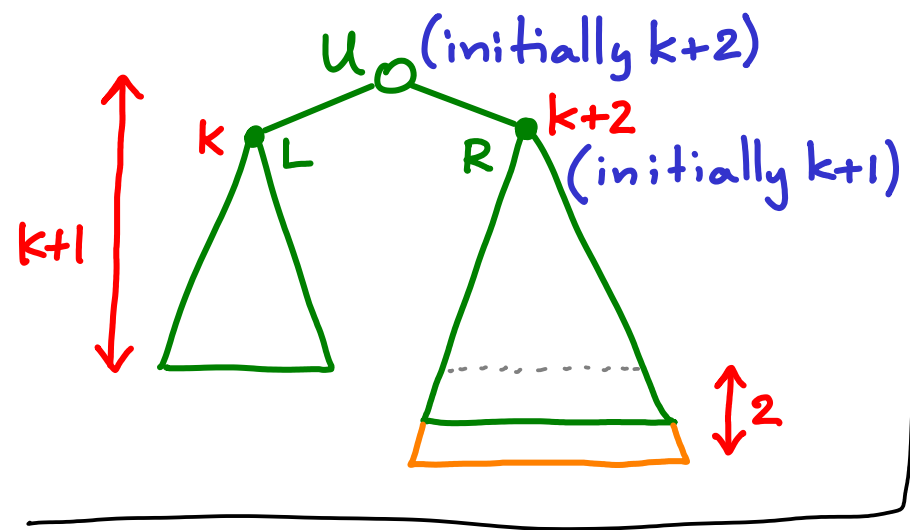
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Case 1



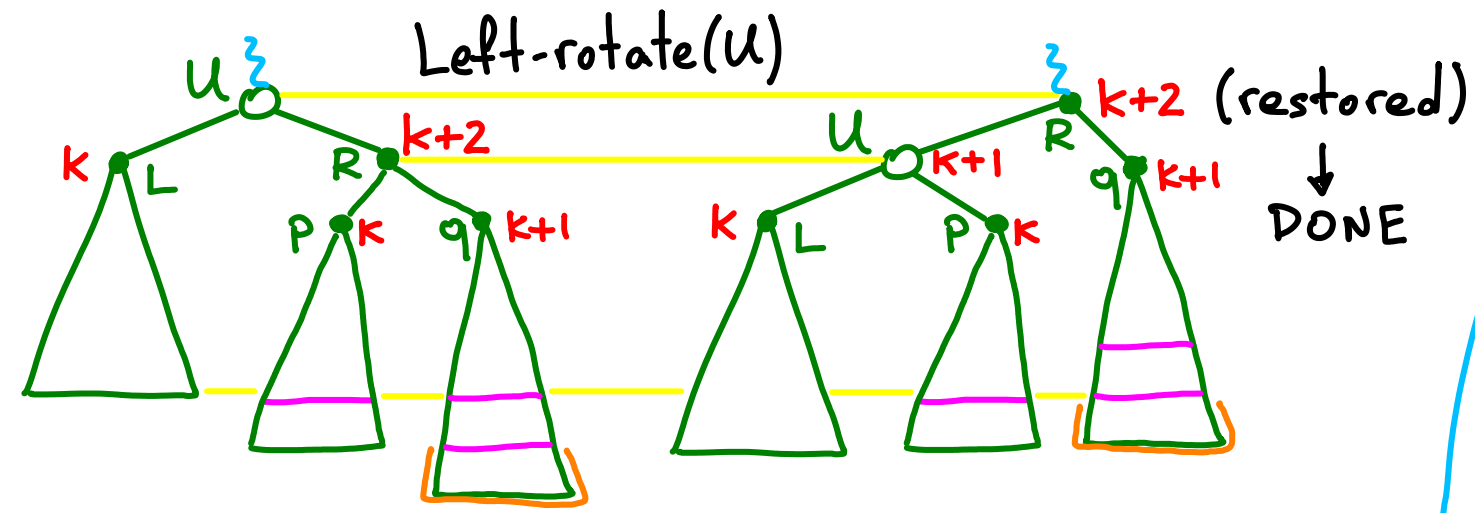
Case 2



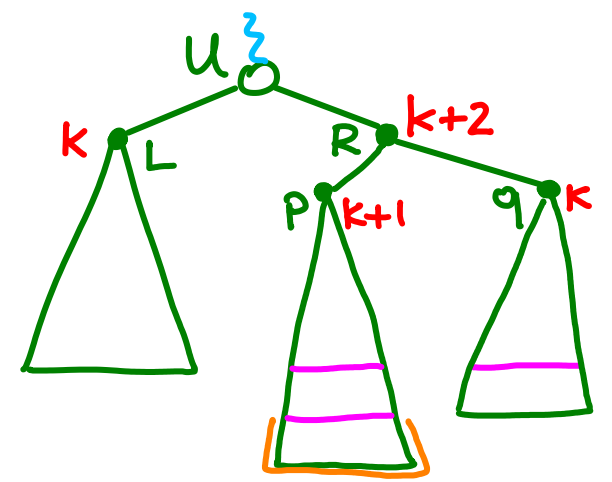


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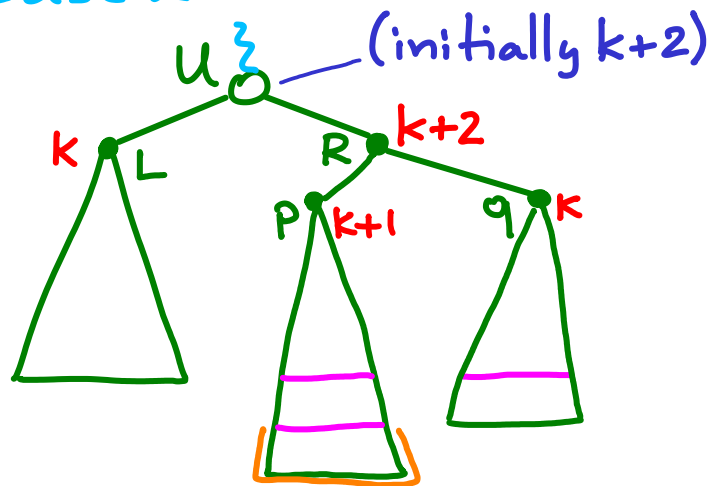
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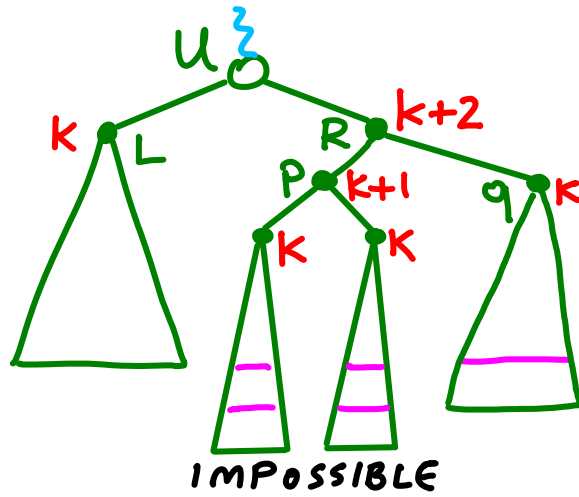
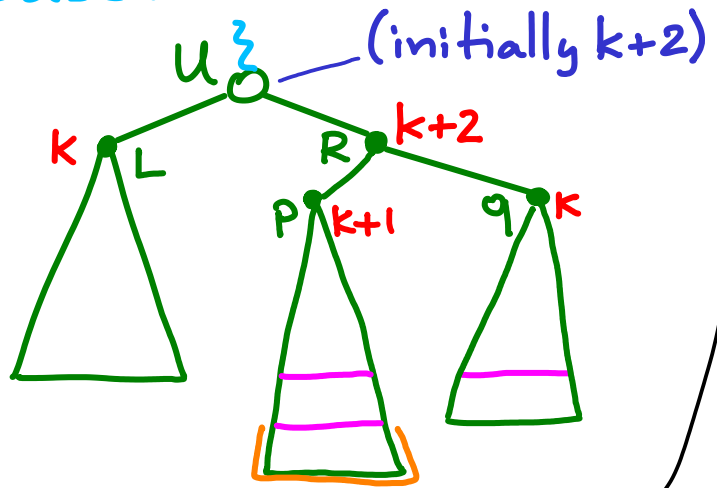
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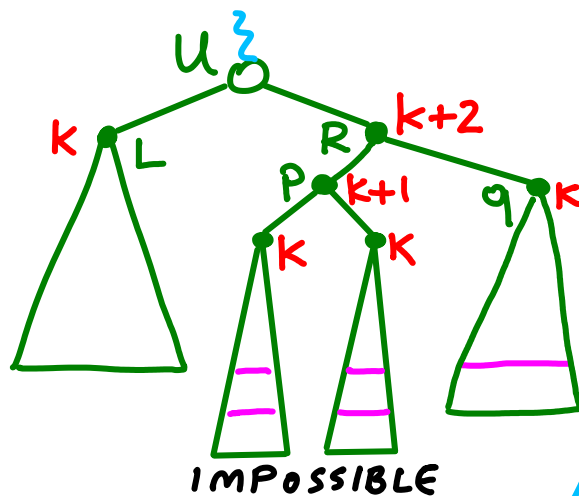
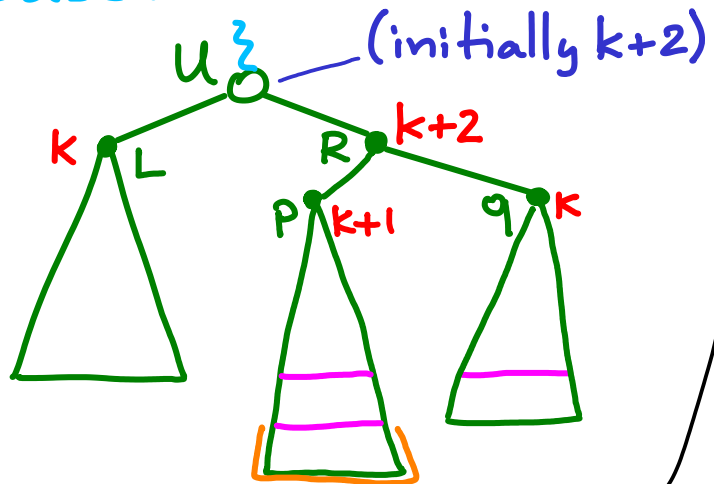
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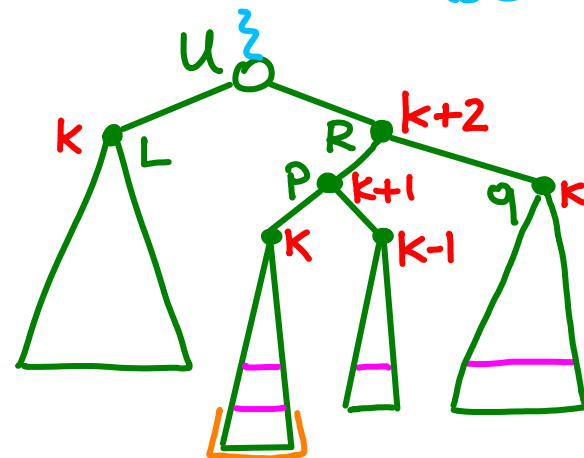
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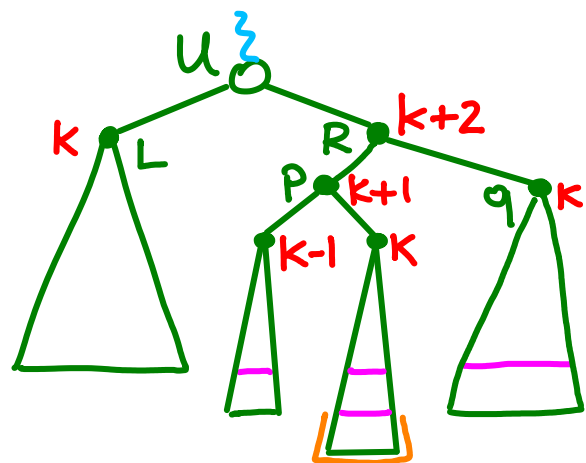
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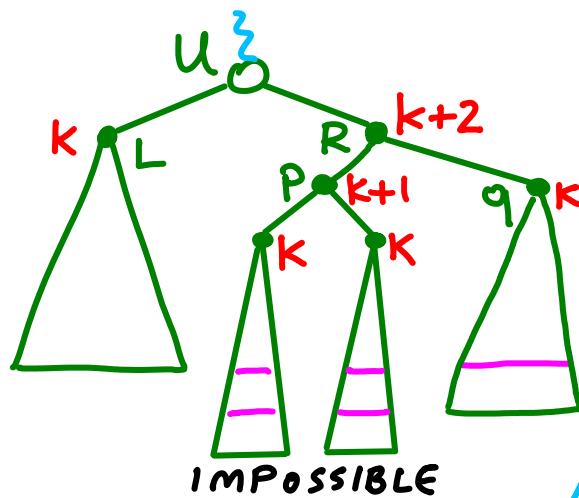
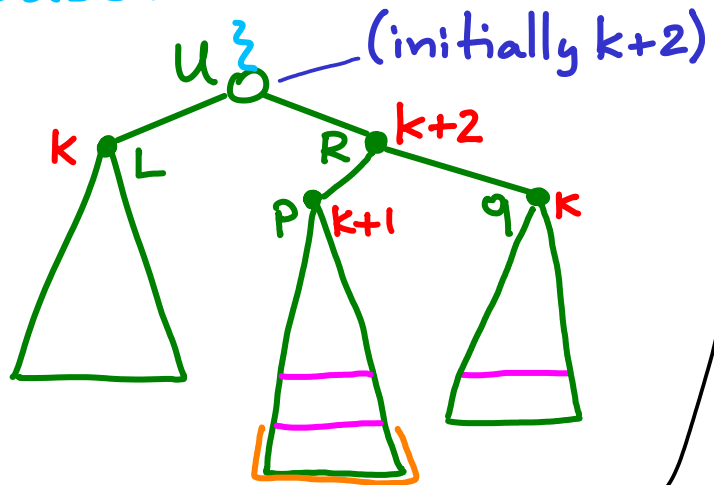
Case 2B



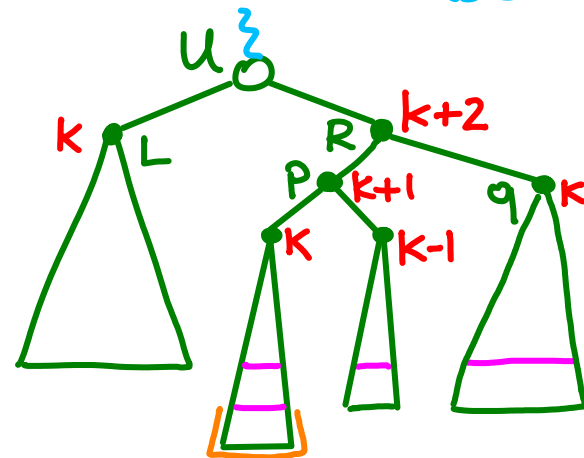
Case 2A



Case 2

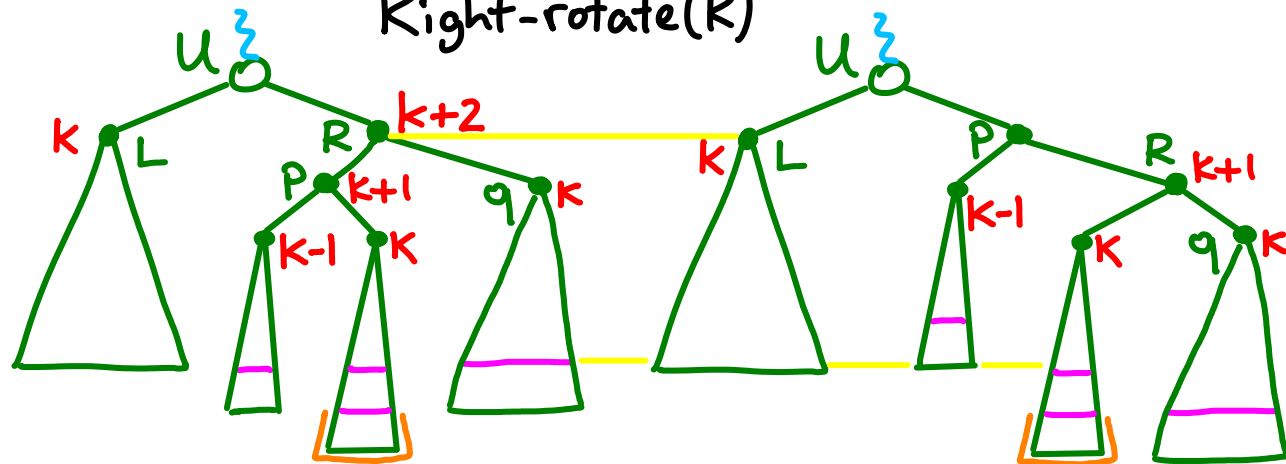


Case 2B

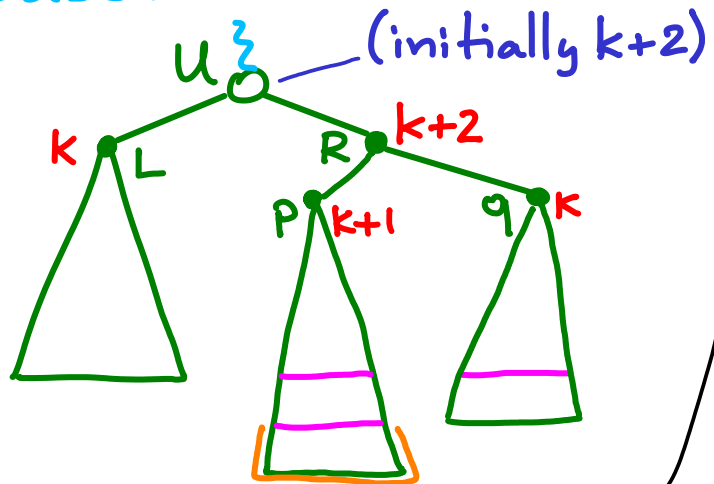


Case 2A

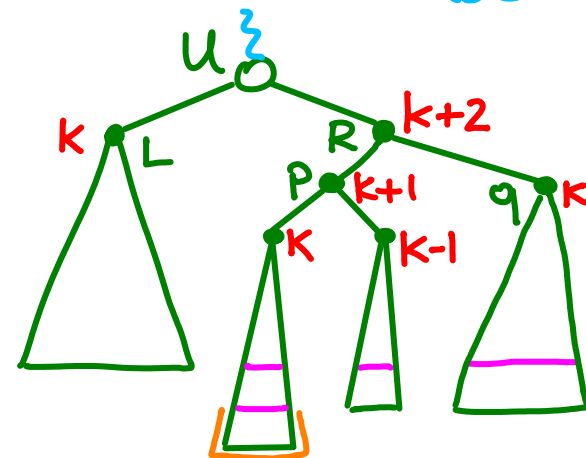
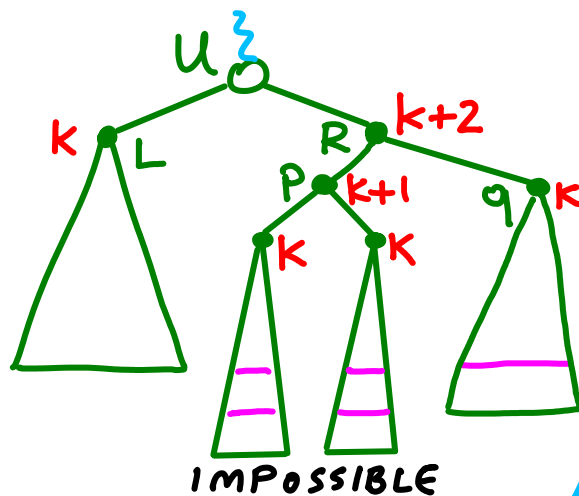
Right-rotate(R)



Case 2

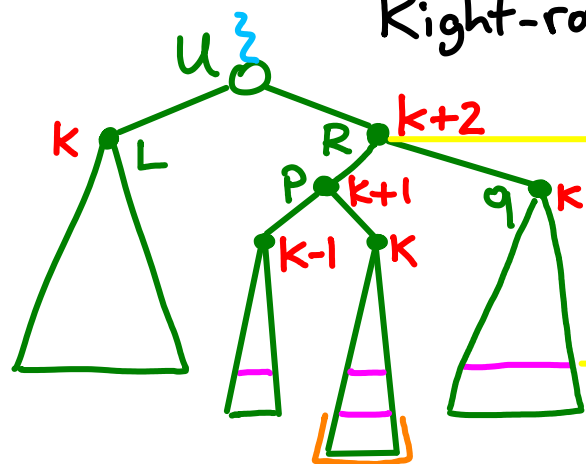


Case 2B

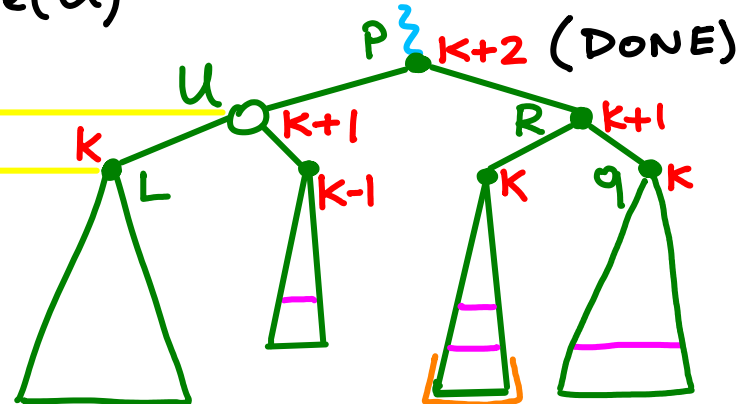
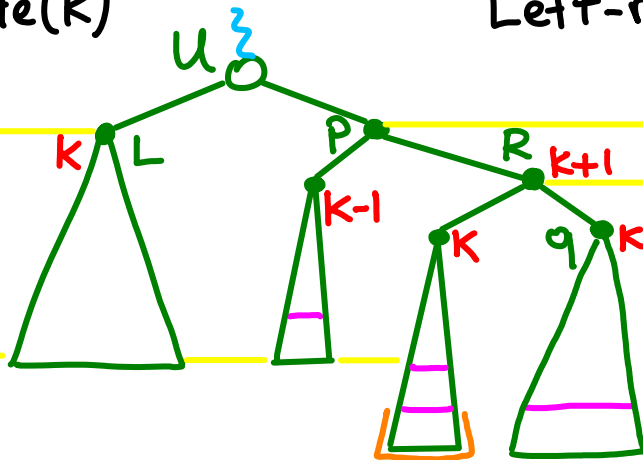


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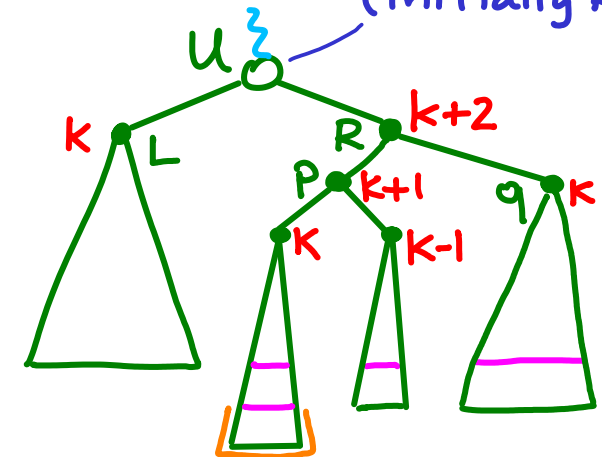
Right-rotate(R)



Left-rotate(u)



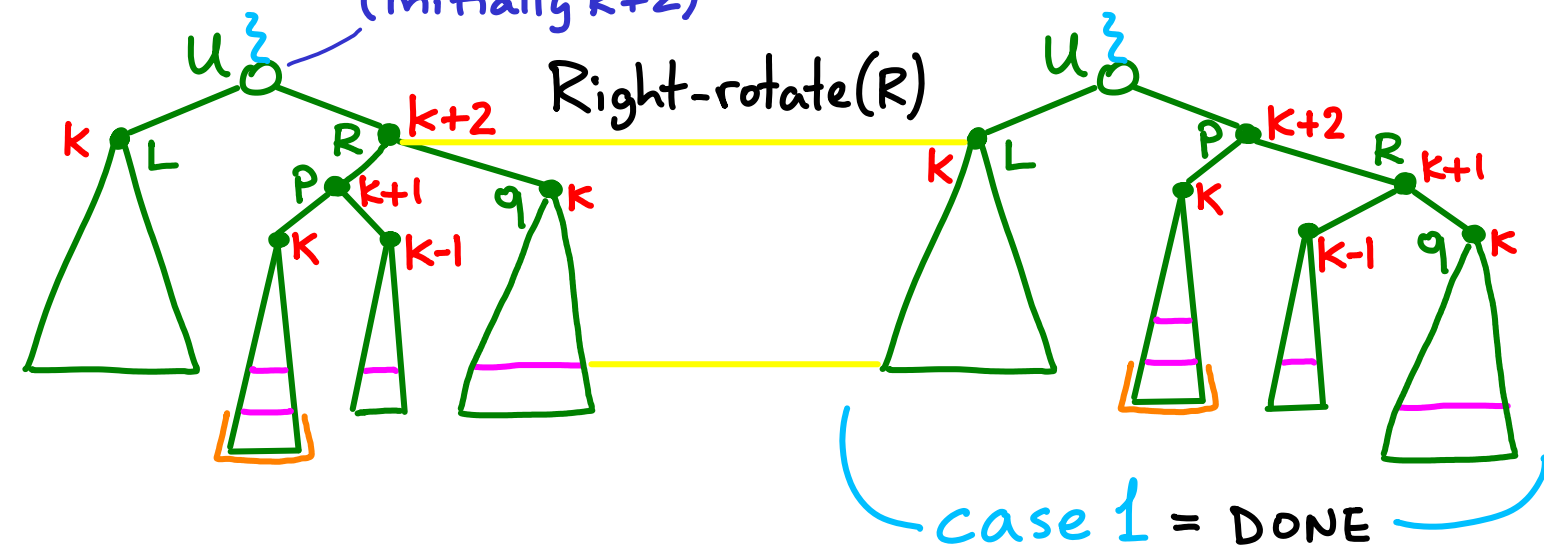
Case 2B (initially $k+2$)



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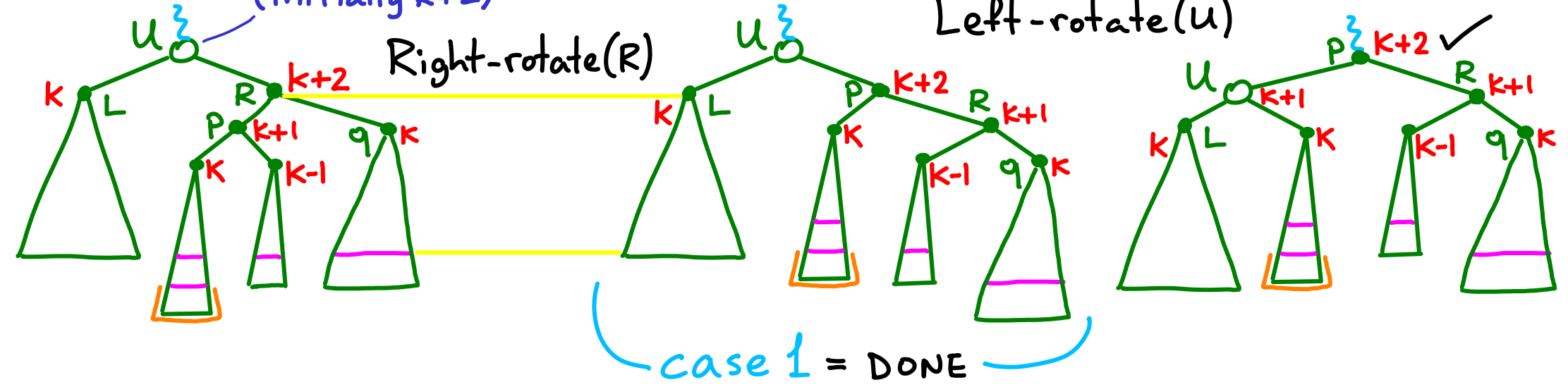
(initially $k+2$)

Right-rotate(R)



Case 2B

(initially $k+2$)



AVL INSERTION RECAP

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same as red-black trees but max depth is a bit less

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can figure
all this out
using $O(1)$ info
about height
differences
instead of value
(save more space)

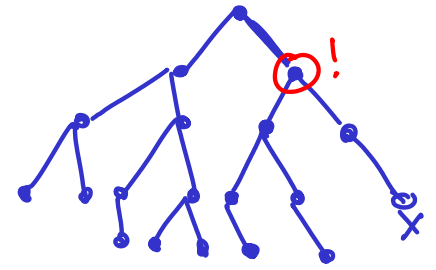
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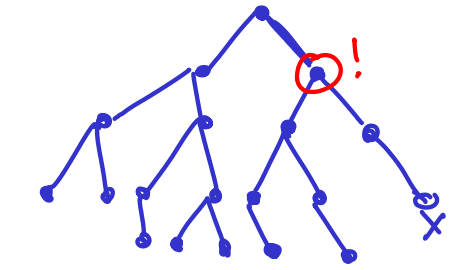
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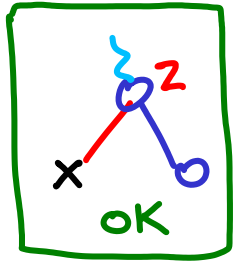
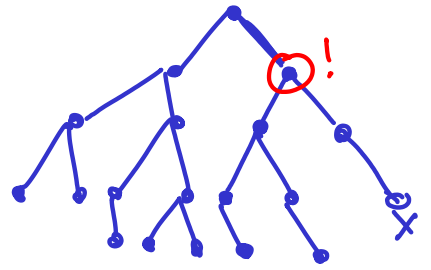
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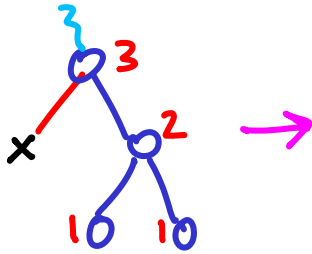
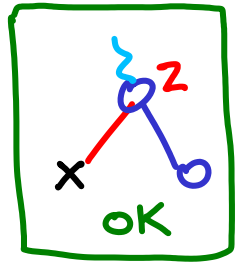
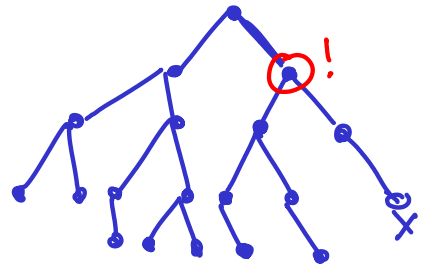
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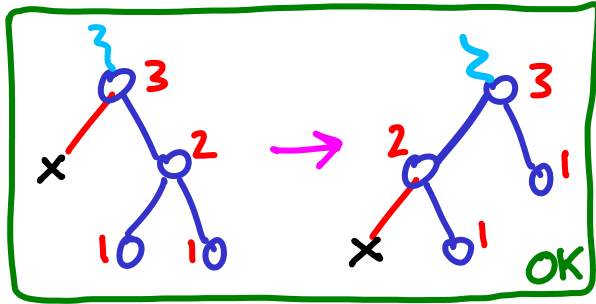
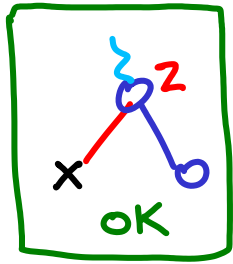
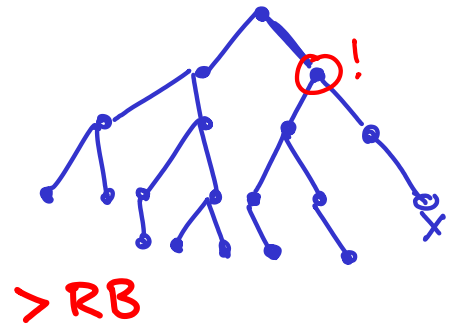
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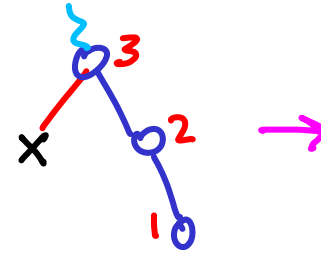
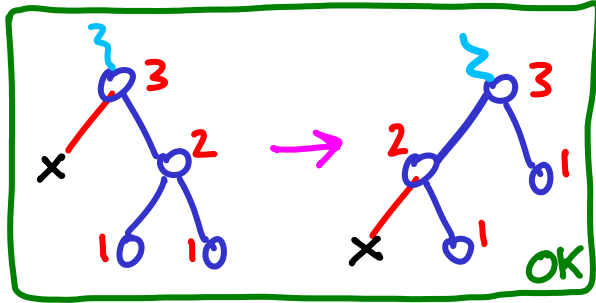
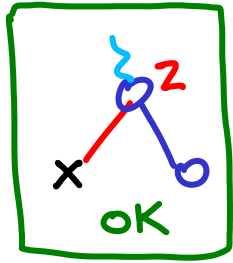
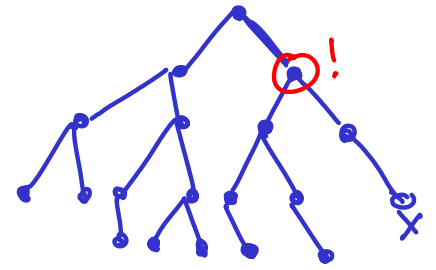
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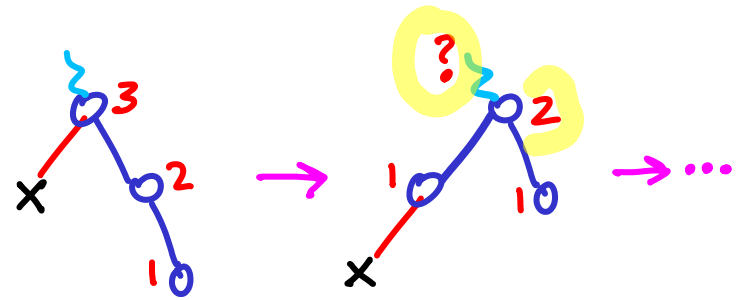
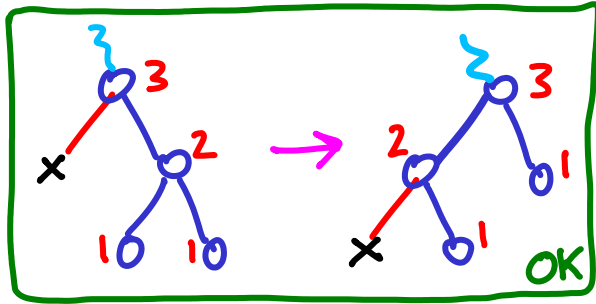
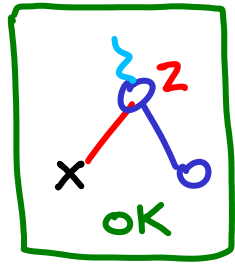
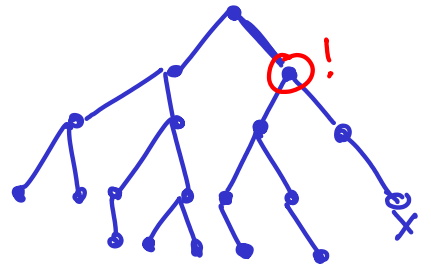
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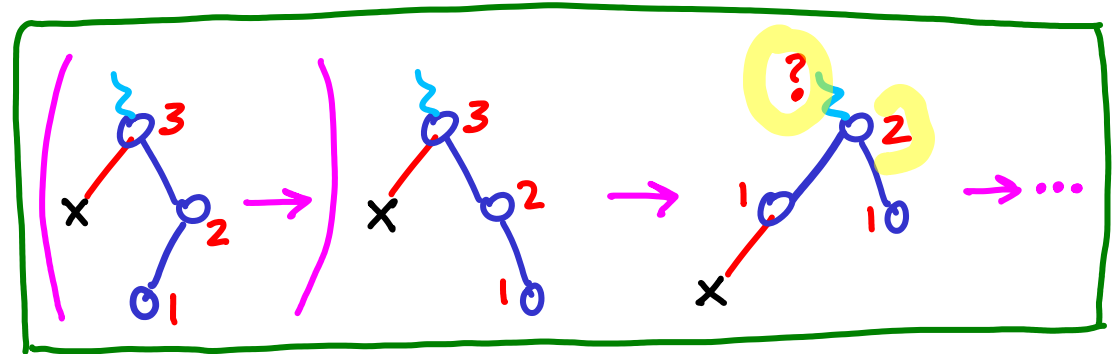
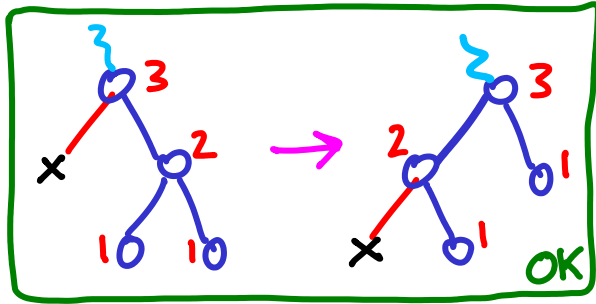
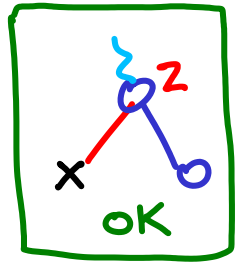
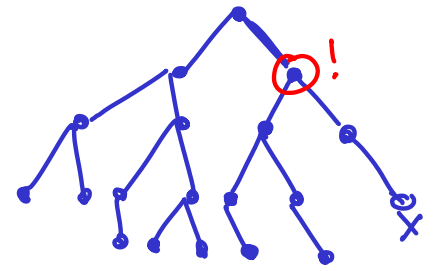
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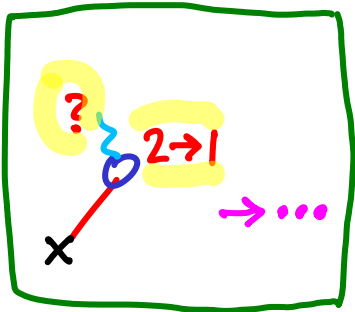
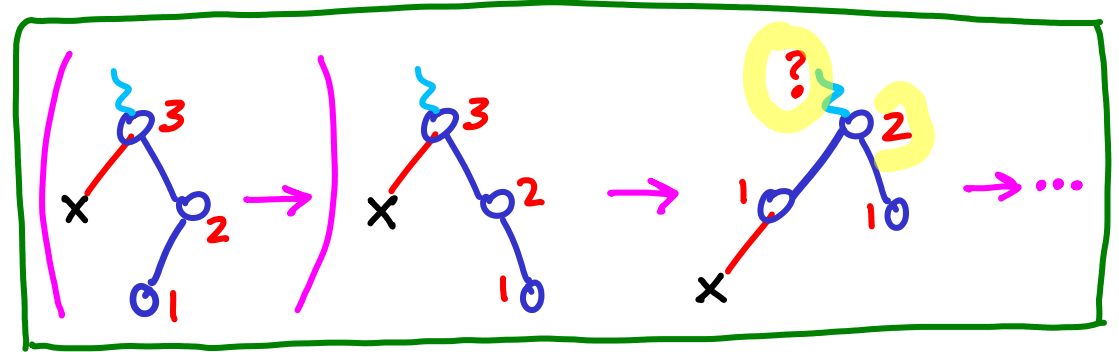
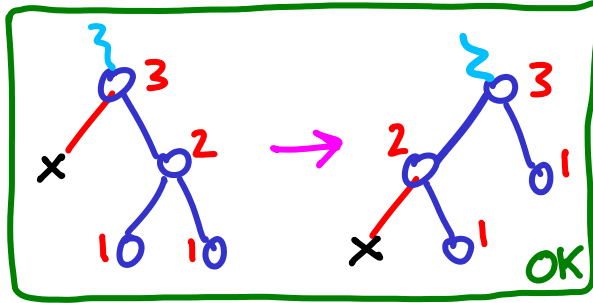
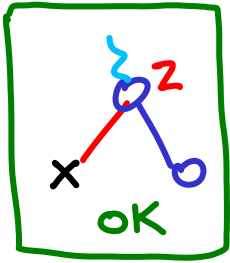
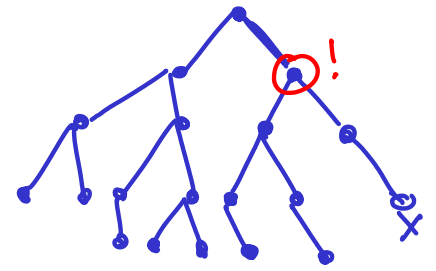
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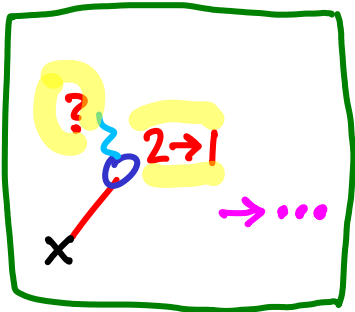
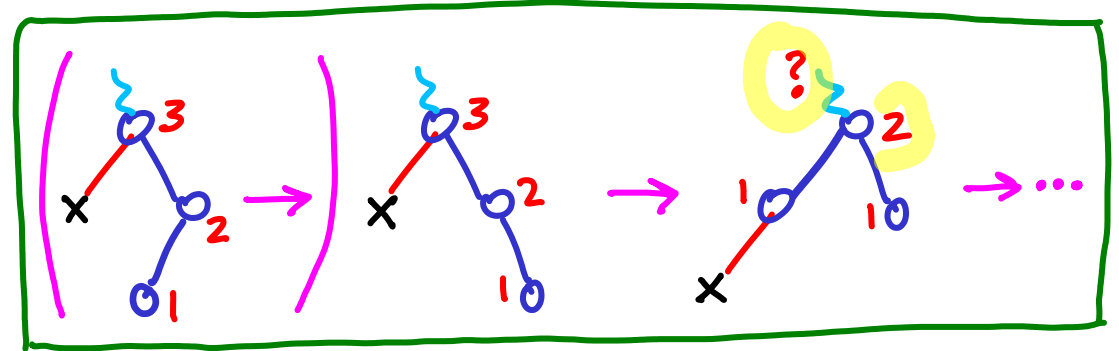
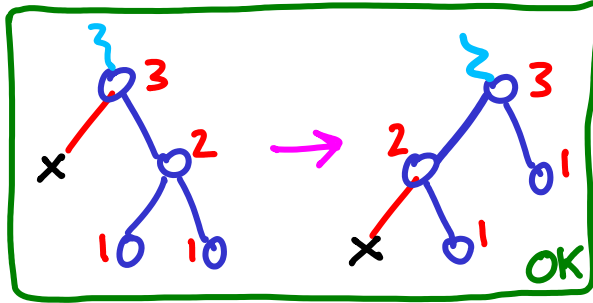
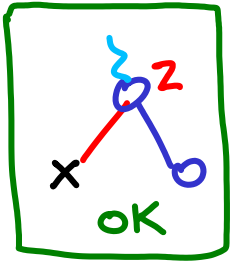
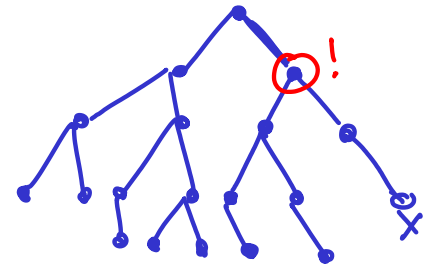
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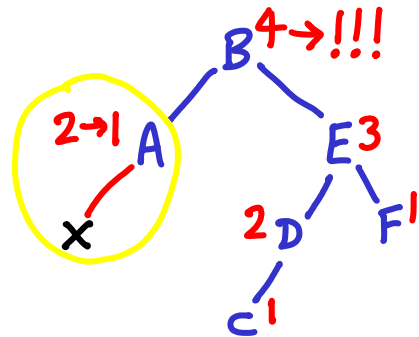
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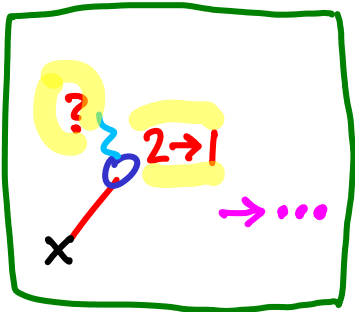
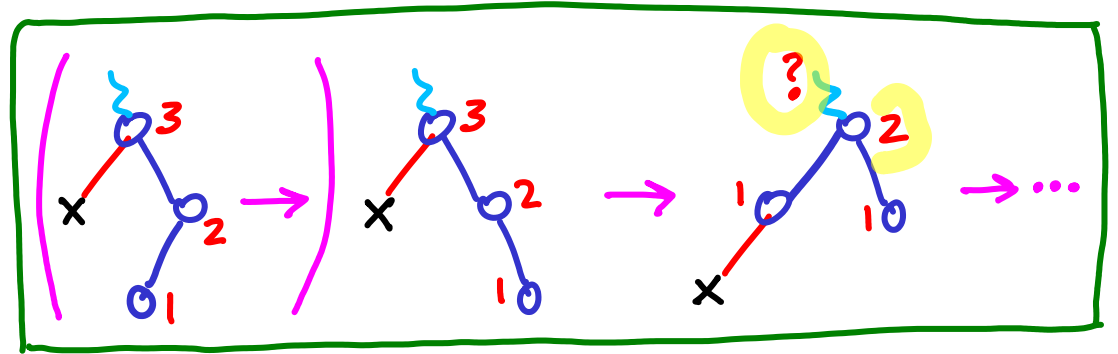
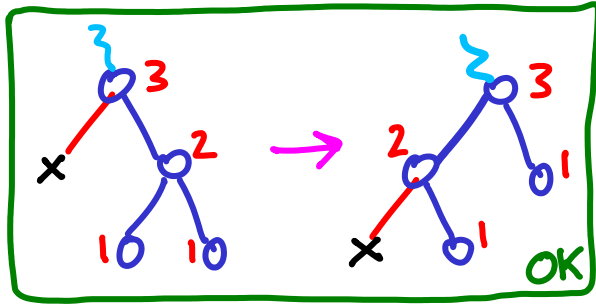
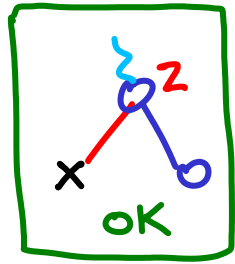
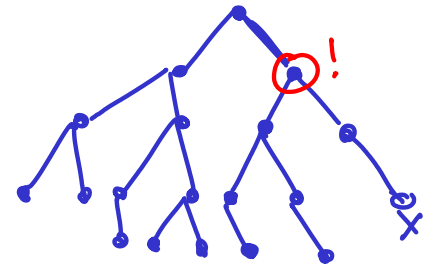
e.g.:



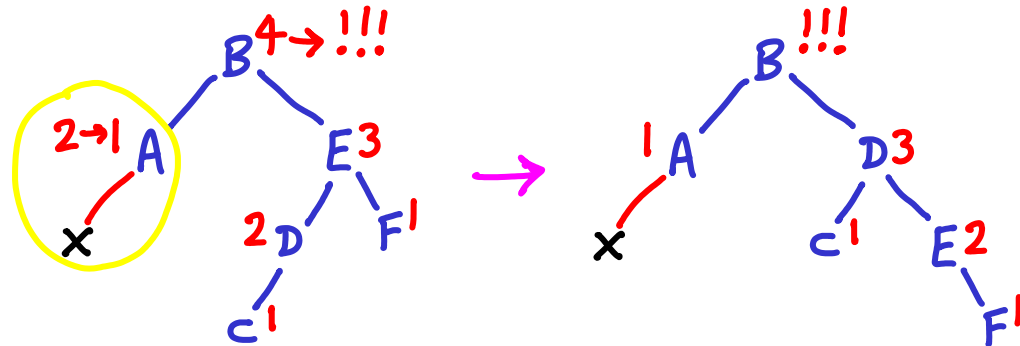
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- Still not easier than insertion: $\begin{cases} O(\log n) \text{ time} \\ O(\log n) \text{ rotations} \end{cases} > \text{RB}$



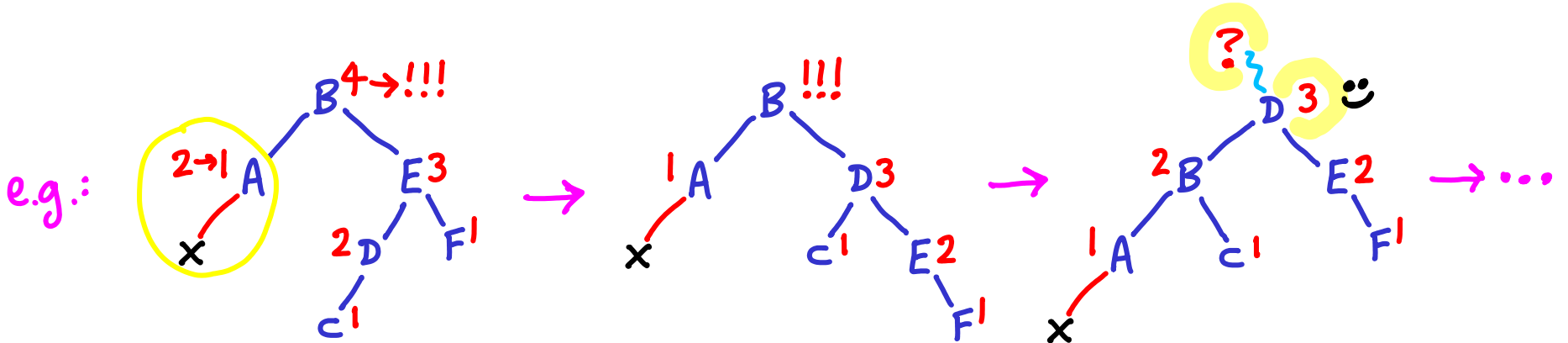
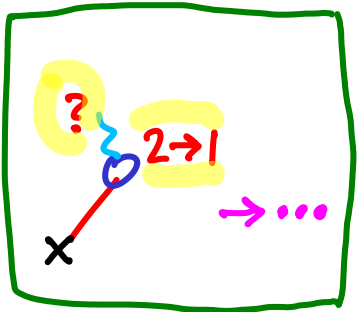
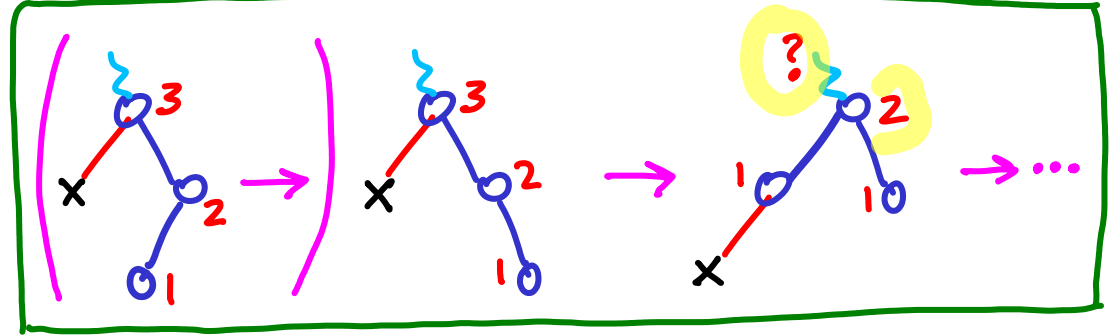
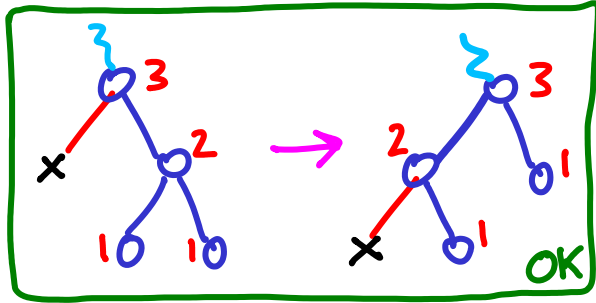
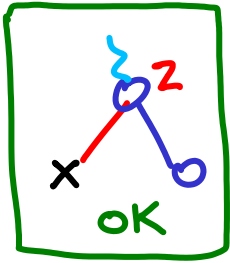
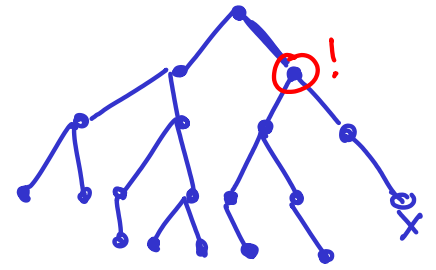
e.g.:



AVL DELETION

- Imbalance can be created at one node (at most) !

- Still not easier than insertion: $\begin{cases} O(\log n) \text{ time} \\ O(\log n) \text{ rotations} \end{cases} > \text{RB}$



worst case	AVL	RB
height	$1.4 \log n$	$2 \log n$
insert #rotations	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
delete #rotations	$O(\log n)$	$O(1)$

